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Fujisawa et al.

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(54) GAMING MACHINE WITH COMMON GAME FEATURING 3D EFFECTS

- (75) Inventors: Masumi Fujisawa, Tokyo (JP); Kenta Kitamura, Tokyo (JP); Hiroki Munakata, Tokyo (JP)
- (73) Assignees: Universal Entertainment Corporation, Tokyo (JP); Aruze Gaming America, Inc., Las Vegas, NV (US)
- (*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 104 days.
- (21) Appl. No.: 13/294,020
- (22) Filed: **Nov. 10, 2011**
- (65) **Prior Publication Data**

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(30) Foreign Application Priority Data

Nov. 10, 2010 (JP) 2010-252352

(51) **Int. Cl.** *A63F 9/24*

(2006.01)

A63F 13/00 G07F 17/32 (2014.01) (2006.01)

(52) U.S. Cl.

CPC *G07F 17/3211* (2013.01); *G07F 17/3213* (2013.01); *G07F 17/3276* (2013.01)

(58) Field of Classification Search

CPC G07F 17/3211; G07F 17/3213; G07F 17/3276

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ΙÞ	2001087449	4/2001

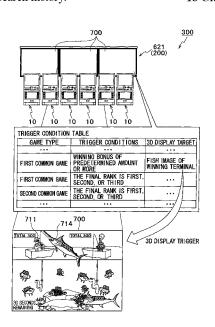
^{*} cited by examiner

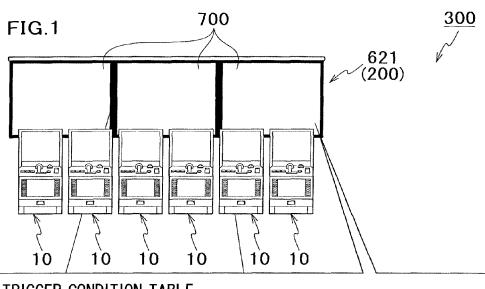
Primary Examiner — Lawrence Galka (74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm — Sheppard, Mullin, Richter & Hampton LLP

(57) ABSTRACT

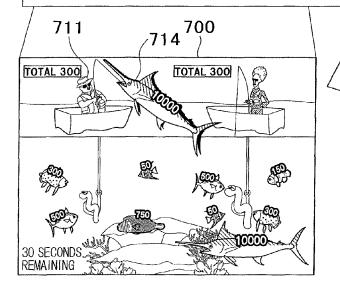
A plurality of gaming terminals 10, a terminal image display panel 16 and an upper display 700 which display effect images in accordance with the gaming state of a game on the gaming terminals 10 and display at least one of the effect images in three dimensions, a terminal controller 630, which switches at least one of the effect images on the terminal image display panel 16 and the upper display 700 from two dimensional display to three dimensional display when the gaming state satisfies a predetermined condition, and a center controller 200.

18 Claims, 52 Drawing Sheets

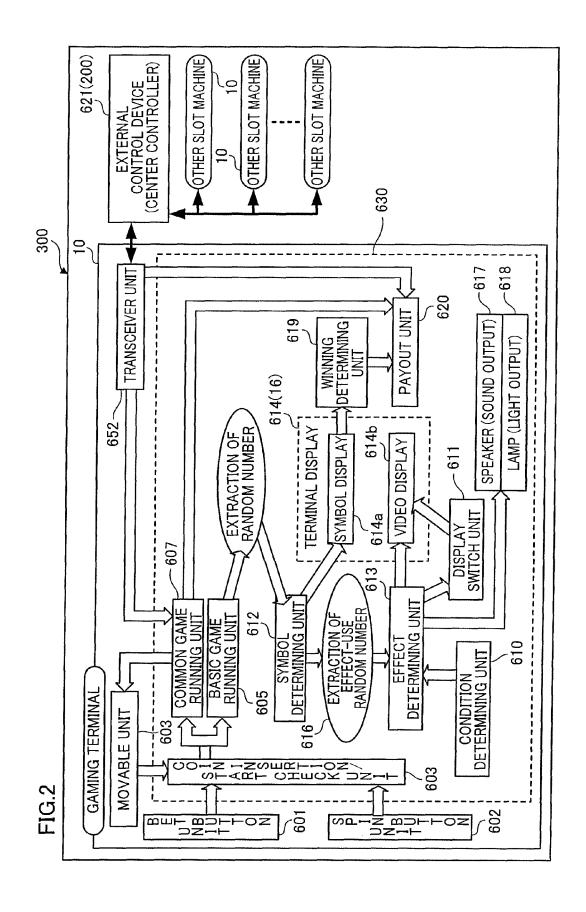




TRIGGER CONDITION TABLE							
GAME TYPE	TRIGGER CONDITIONS	3D DISPLAY TARGET					
	3 5 8	,					
FIRST COMMON GAME	WINNING BONUS OF PREDETERMINED AMOUNT OR MORE	FISH IMAGE OF WINNING TERMINAL					
FIRST COMMON GAME	THE FINAL RANK IS FIRST, SECOND, OR THIRD	•••					
SECOND COMMON GAME	THE FINAL RANK IS FIRST, SECOND, OR THIRD						
		/					



3D DISPLAY TRIGGER



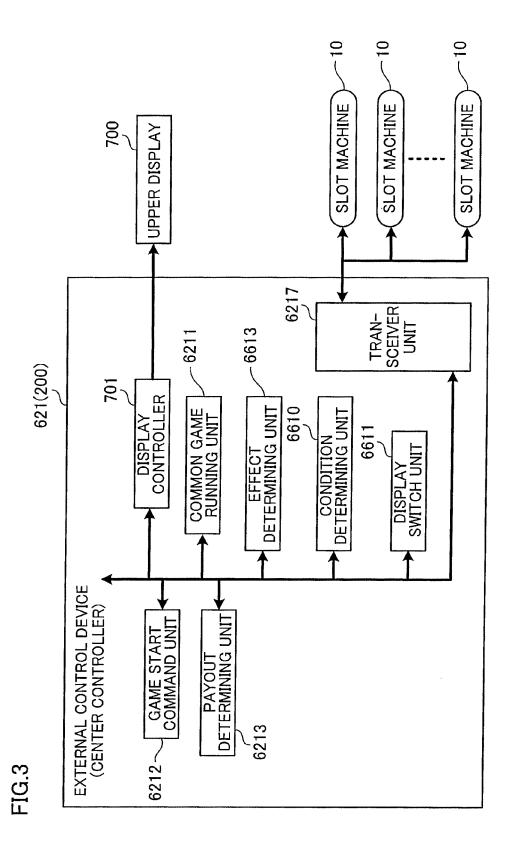


FIG.4

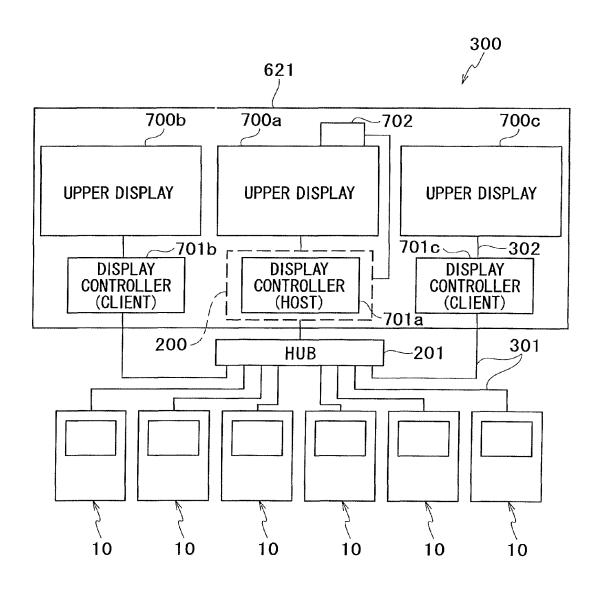


FIG.5

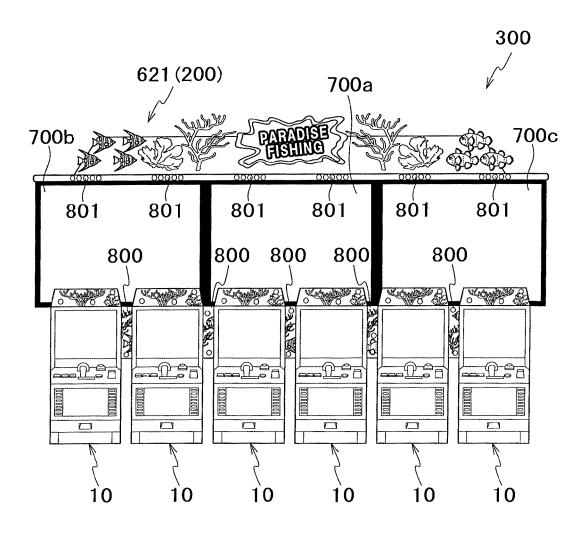


FIG.6

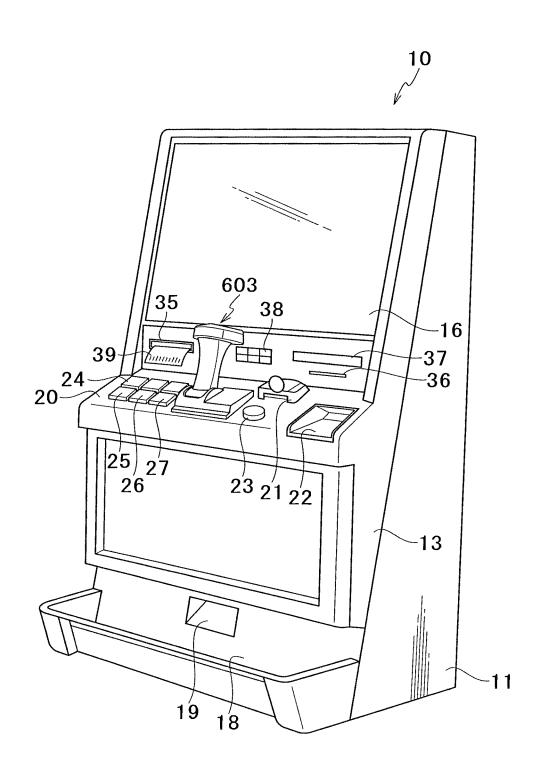


FIG.7

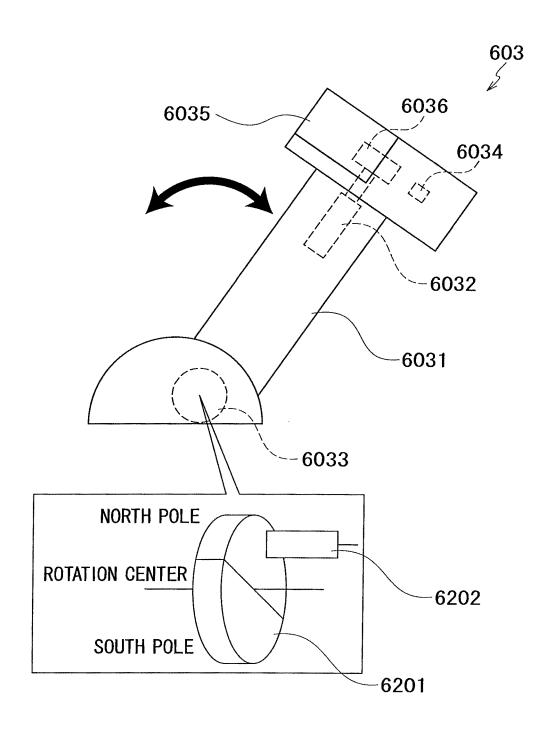


FIG.8

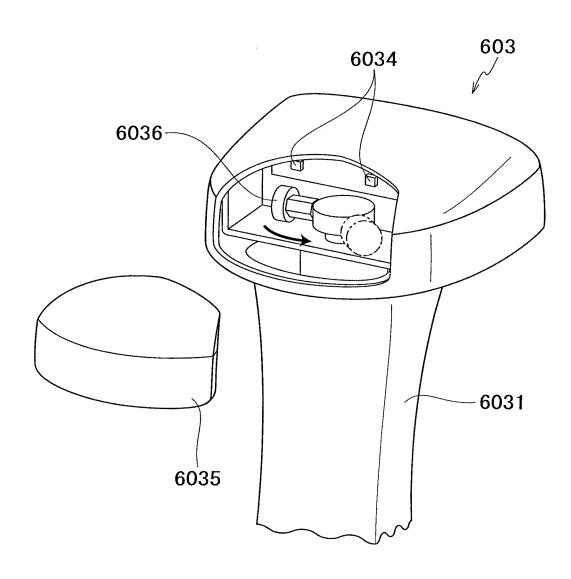
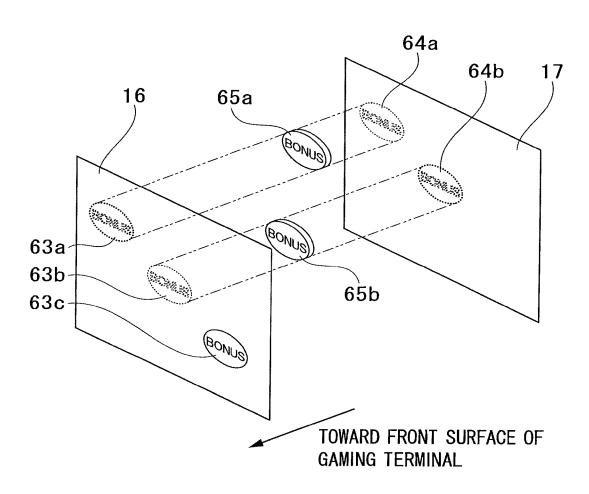


FIG.9

LEVER POSITION DETERMINING TABLE

LEVER POSITIONS	DETECTED MAGNETIC FORCES
STARTING POINT	ND78
FIRST POSITION	ND84
SECOND POSITION	ND90
THIRD POSITION	ND96
FOURTH POSITION	ND102
•••	
ENDING POINT	ND126

FIG.10



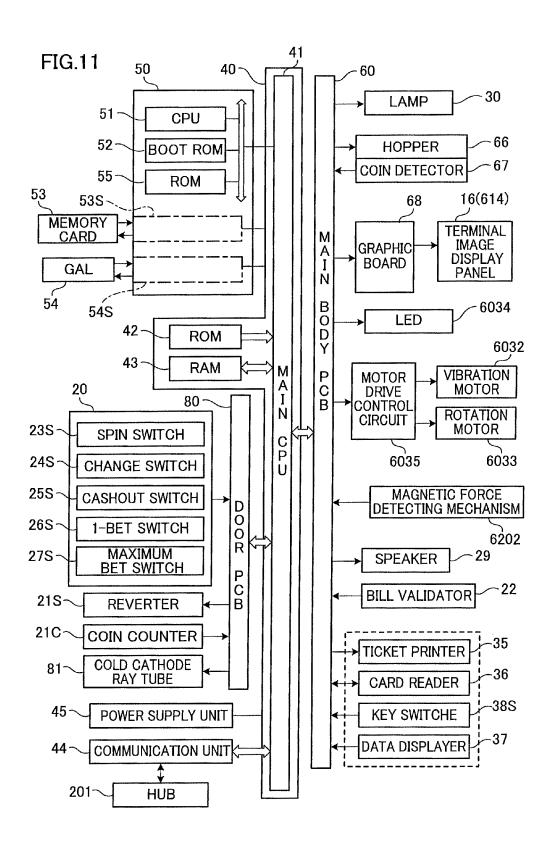


FIG.12

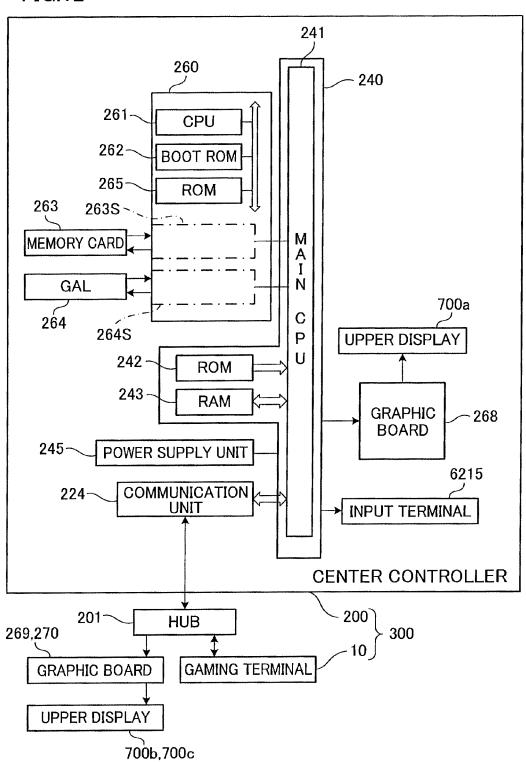
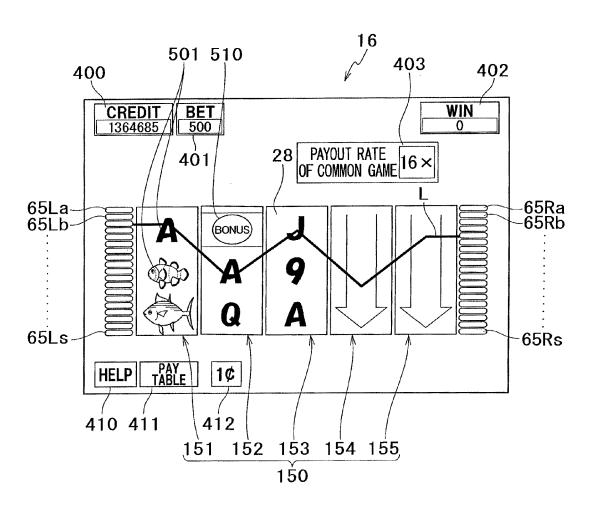


FIG.13



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BASE GAME SYMBOL TABLE

	_	S			Ŧ			Ŧ	臣	IBOL		픘		ĮĘ.		픘		Γ	BOL	똤		
	FIFTH	SYMBOLS	ר	¥	ANGELFISH	7	∢	ANGELFISH	COELACANTH	SPECIFIC SYMBOL	ㅈ	CLOWNFISH	Ø	ANGELFISH	ㅈ	CLOWNFISH	TUNA	٦	SPECIFIC SYMBO	CLOWNFISH	TUNA	
	FOURTH COLUMN	SYMBOLS	g	<u>ل</u>	ANGELFISH	Ø	*	ANGELFISH	A	ᅩ	CLOWNFISH	Ø	CLOWNFISH	TUNA	SPECIFIC SYMBOL	ᅩ	TUNA	CLOWNFISH	A	CLOWNFISH	ANGELFISH	- I - I - I - I - I - I - I - I - I - I
	THIRD	SYMBOLS	A	٦	ANGELFISH	TUNA	COELACANTH	ANGELFISH	SPECIFIC SYMBOL	¥	ר	CLOWNFISH	¥	Œ	CLOWNFISH	ᅩ	ANGELFISH	Ø	SPECIFIC SYMBOL	Ą	CLOWNFISH	V 141 11-
	SECOND	SYMBOLS	SPECIFIC SYMBOL	٧	Ø	CLOWNFISH	TUNA	SPECIFIC SYMBOL	ANGELFISH	CLOWNFISH	Y	COELACANTH	SPECIFIC SYMBOL	٧	CLOWNFISH	CLOWNFISH	٢	TUNA	TUNA	ANGELFISH	SPECIFIC SYMBOL	יטטריט טיייטטיטי
INDOL IABLE	FIRST COLUMN	SYMBOLS	ר	Ö	ANGELFISH	ſ	Ö	COELACANTH	Y	CLOWNFISH	TUNA	CLOWNFISH	А	Ø	TUNA	COELACANTH	¥	Y	CLOWNFISH	Ŋ	Ø	DOLL LINK
מואו וס אוארט		RANDOM NUMBERS	0-3277	3278-6555	6556-9833	9834-13111	13112-16389	16390-19667	19668-22945	22946-26223	26224-29501	29502-32779	32780-36057	36058-39335	39336-42613	42614-45891	45892-49169	49170-52447	52448-55725	55726-59003	59004-62281	R0000_65505
בייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי		CODE NUMBERS	0	1	2	3	4	5	9	7	∞	G	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	0

FIG.15 BASE GAME QUALIFICATION TIME AWARDING TABLE

	NUN	NUMBER OF ACTIVATED PAYLINES					
PAYOUT RATES	1	2	3	5	10		
1	6	1	1	1	1		
2	0	4	2	1	1		
3	0	1	3	1	1		
4	0	0	1	1	1		
5	0	0	0	4	2		
6	0	0	0	0	1		
7	0	0	0	0	1		
8	0	0	0	0	1		
9	0	0	0	0	1		
10	0	0	0	0	1		

FIG.16 COMMON GAME QUALIFICATION TIME MANAGEMENT TABLE

	·····						
		GAMING TERMINAL					
PAYOUT RATES	10a	10b	10c	10d	10e	10f	
1	6	30	0	6	41	1	
2	12	2	0	0	20	1	
3	18	1	0	0	3	3	
4	6	0	0	0	6	4	
5	0	0	0	0	2	2	
6	0	0	0	0	7	14	
7	0	0	0	0	9	10	
8	0	0	0	0	12	2	
9	0	0	0	0	2	0	
10	0	0	0	0	6	0	

FIG.17

MAXIMUM QUALIFICATION TIME TABLE

PAYOUT RATES	UPPER LIMIT OF ACCUMULATION
1	45
2	44
3	43
4	42
5	41
6	40
7	39
8	38
9	37
10	36
98	2
99	2

FIG.18

ACCUMULATION CALCULATION TABLE

	·			,		·
PAYOUT RATES		5	4	3	2	1
BEFORE-AWARDED COMMON GAME QUALIFICATION TIME	• • •	0	6	18	12	6
TO-BE-AWARDED COMMON GAME QUALIFICATION TIME		0	1	3	2	1
AWARDED COMMON GAME QUALIFICATION TIME	x = =	0	7	21	14	7
ACCUMULATION Y _N OF AWARDED COMMON GAME QUALIFICATION TIME	8 B b	0	7	28	42	49
ACCUMULATION UPPER LIMIT X _N OF QUALIFICATION TIMES		41	42	43	44	45
CALCULATED ACCUMULATION Y_N (WHEN $Y_N > X_N$, $Y_N = X_N$ AND $Y_{N+1} = Y_{N+1} + Y_N - X_N$)		0	7	30	44	45
COMMON GAME QUALIFICATION TIME $Z_N = Y_N - Y_{N+1}$		0	7	23	14	1

FIG.19

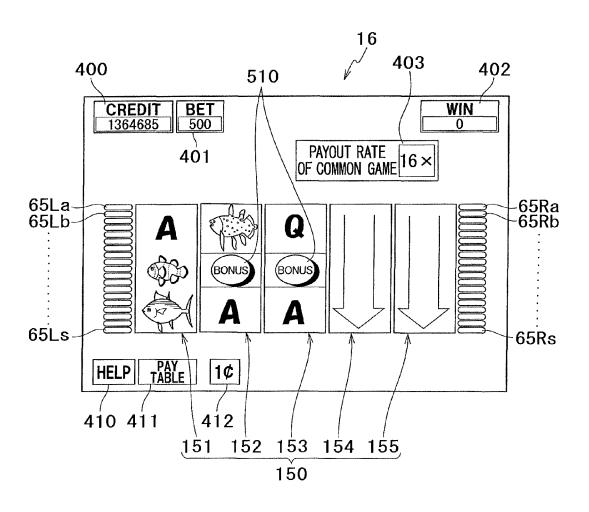


FIG.20

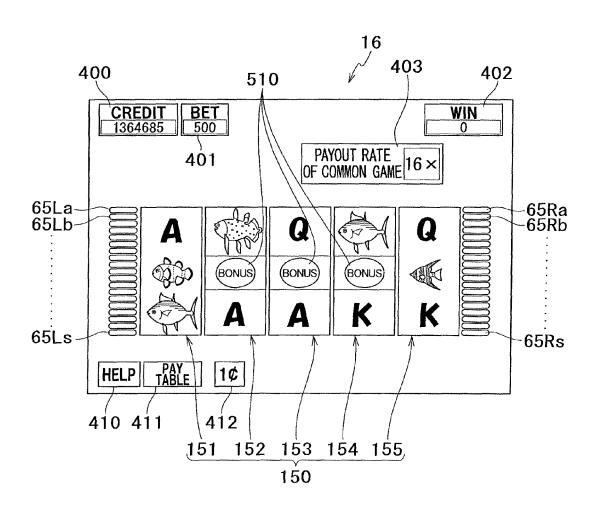


FIG.21

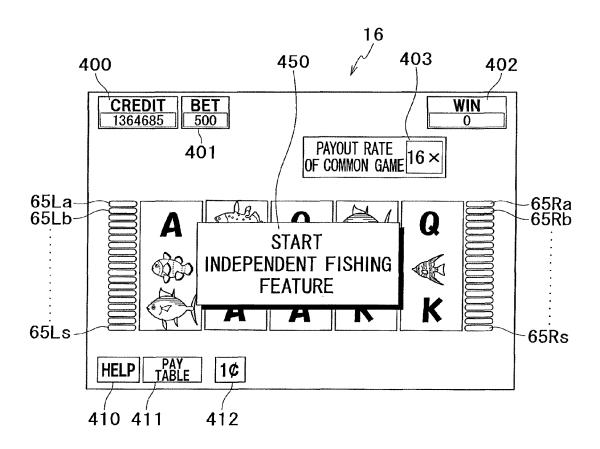


FIG.22

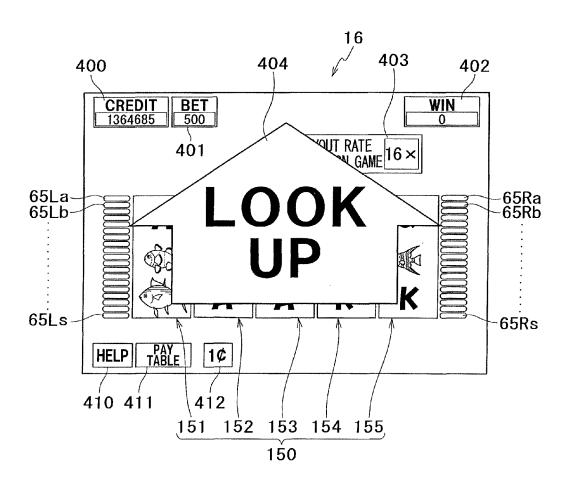


FIG.23

INDEPENDENT SPECIAL GAME QUALIFICATION TIME **AWARDING TABLE**

	NUN	NUMBER OF ACTIVATED PAYLINES						
PAYOUT RATES	1	2	3	5	10			
1	29	0	0	0	0			
2	5	30	0	0	0			
3	0	4	29	0	0			
4	0	0	3	0	0			
5	0	0	0	30	0			
6	0	0	0	0	0			
7	0	0	0	0	0			
8	0	0	0	0	0			
9	0	0	0	0	0			
10	0	0	0	0	27			

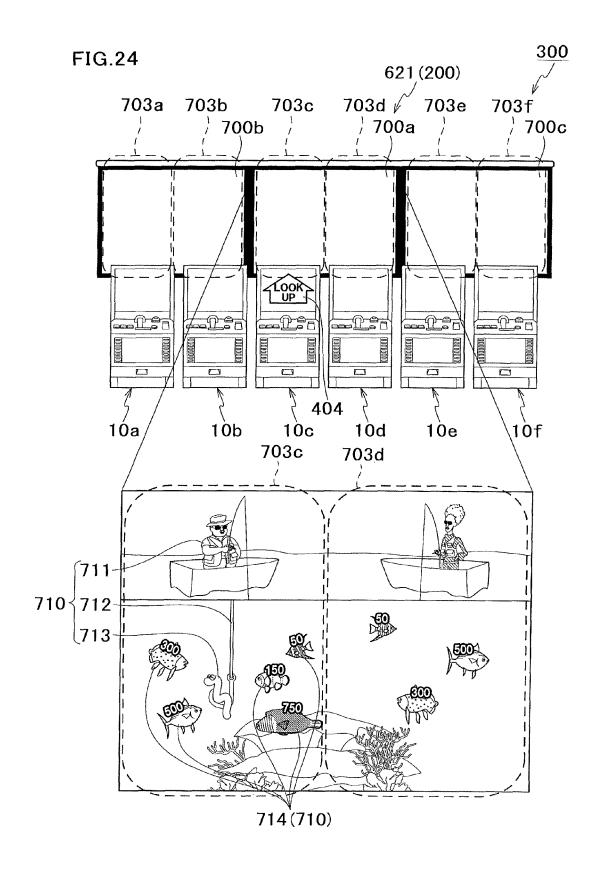


FIG.25

BONUS TYPE TABLE

BONUS TYPES	UNIT PAYOUT AMOUNTS	RANKS
BLUE MARLIN	10000	1
BLUE FIN TUNA	5000	2
DOLPHIN FISH	4000	2
NAPOLEON FISH	3000	2
YELLOW FIN TUNA	2000	3
WAHOO	1500	3
BLACK SEABASS	1500	3
HALIBUT	1000	4
p u d		# ¥ ¥

FIG.26

INDEPENDENT SPECIAL GAME PROBABILITY TABLE

RANDOM NUMBERS	WINNING BONUS TYPES
0-9	BLUE MARLIN
10-19	BLUE FIN TUNA
20-22	DOLPHIN FISH
23-25	NAPOLEON FISH, BLACK SEABASS
26-48	YELLOW FIN TUNA, HALIBUT
49-116	WAHOO, BLACK SEABASS
117-210	BLACK SEABASS, HALIBUT
211-293	WAHOO, BLACK SEABASS, HALIBUT
	• • •

FIG.27

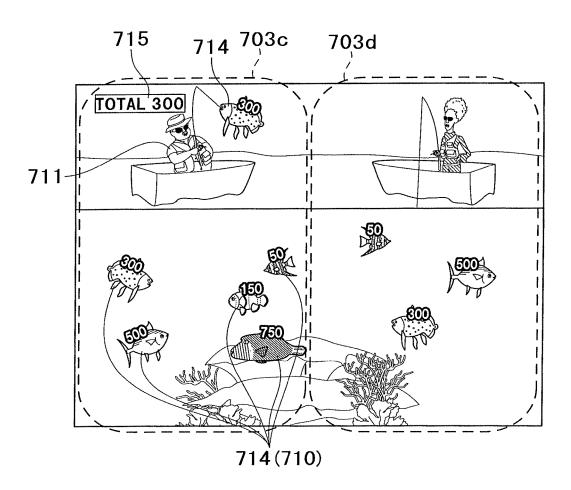


FIG.28

MYSTERY BONUS START RANDOM DETERMINATION TABLE

	NUMBER OF ACTIVATED PAYLINES				
MYSTERY BONUS	1	2	3	5	10
OCCURRENCE	0-1	0-2	0-3	0-4	0-5
EFFECT ONLY	2-5	3-8	4-11	5-14	6-17
NON-OCCURRENCE	6-299	9-299	12-299	15-299	18-299

FIG.29

MYSTERY BONUS PROBABILITY TABLE

RANDOM NUMBERS	WINNING BONUS TYPES		
0-1	BLUE MARLIN		
2-5	BLUE FIN TUNA		
6–11	DOLPHIN FISH		
12-19	NAPOLEON FISH		
20-29	YELLOW FIN TUNA		
30-40	WAHOO		
41-53	BLACK SEABASS		
54-67	HALIBUT		
	н и н		

FIG.30

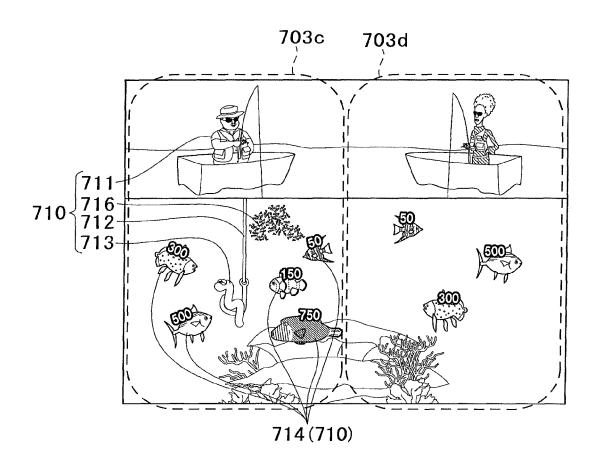


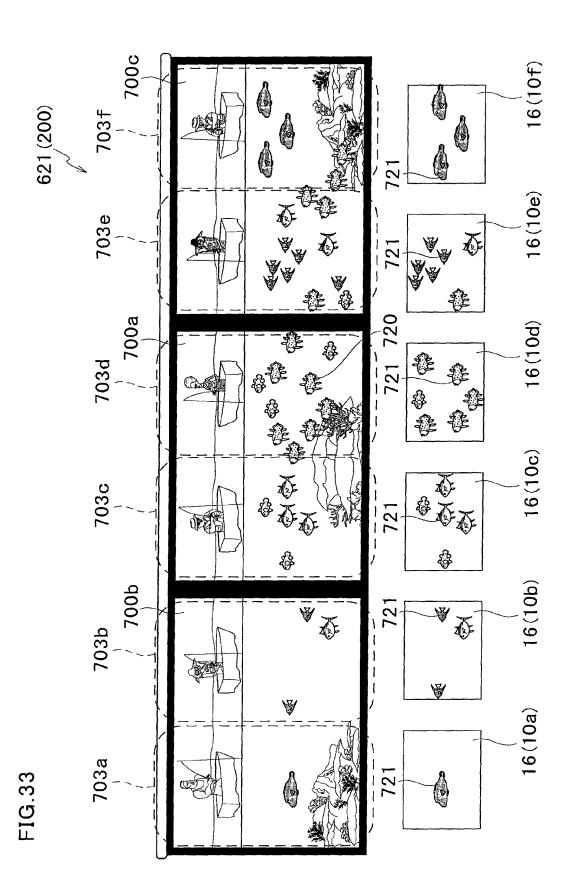
FIG.31

COMMON GAME START RANDOM **DETERMINATION TABLE**

OCCURRENCE	0-1	
EFFECT ONLY	2-3	
NON-OCCURRENCE	4-1214	

FIG.32 COMMON GAME TYPE RANDOM DETERMINATION TABLE

FIRST COMMON GAME	0-31
SECOND COMMON GAME	32-63
THIRD COMMON GAME	64-83
FIRST COMMON GAME + THIRD COMMON GAME	84-91
SECOND COMMON GAME + THIRD COMMON GAME	92-99



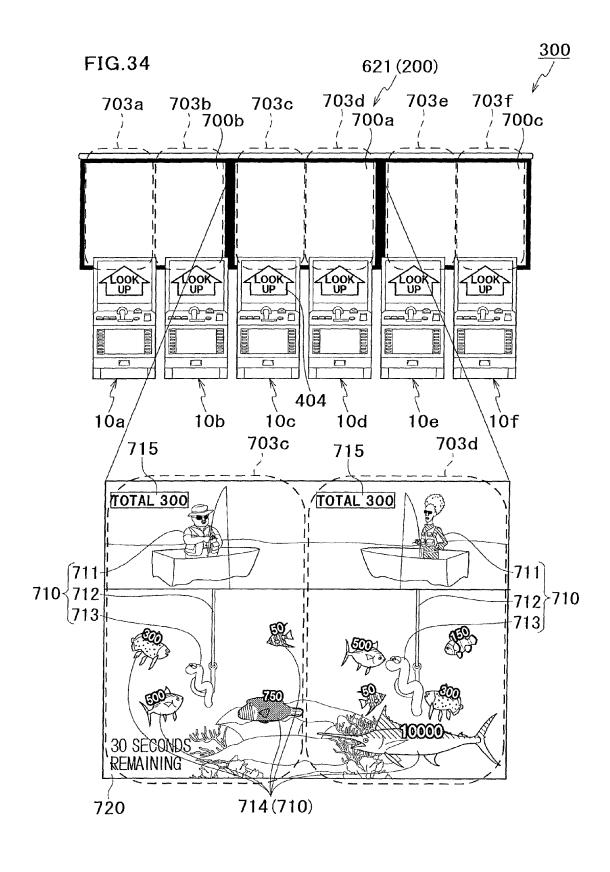


FIG.35

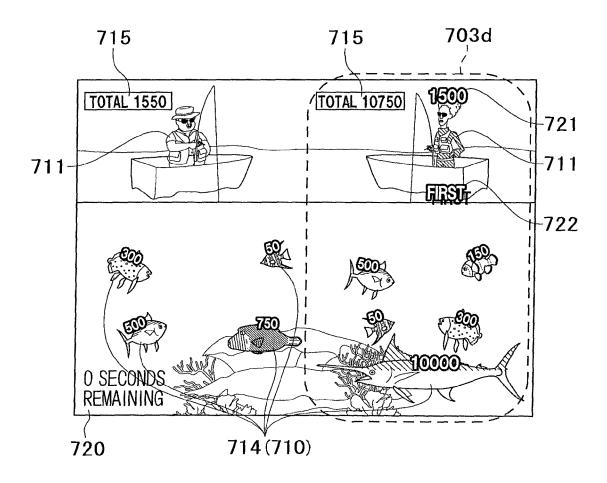


FIG.36

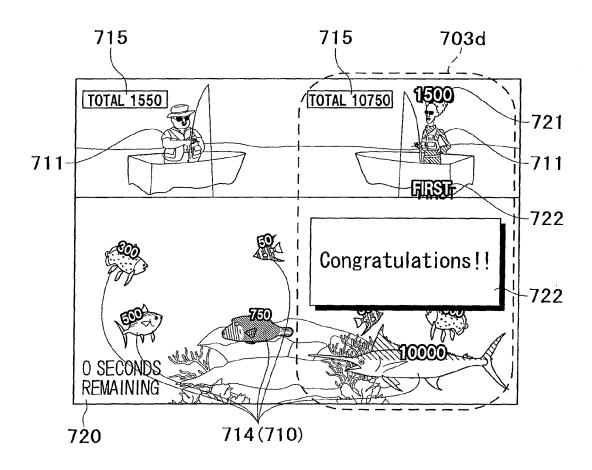


FIG.37

FIRST COMMON GAME PROBABILITY TABLE

RANDOM NUMBERS	WINNING BONUS TYPES
0-9	BLUE MARLIN, BLACK SEABASS, HALIBUT
10-19	BLUE FIN TUNA,WAHOO, HALIBUT
20-22	DOLPHIN FISH, BLACK SEABASS, HALIBUT
23-25	NAPOLEON FISH, BLACK SEABASS, HALIBUT
26-48	YELLOW FIN TUNA, WAHOO, HALIBUT, HALIBUT
49-116	WAHOO, BLACK SEABASS, HALIBUT, HALIBUT
117-210	BLACK SEABASS, HALIBUT, HALIBUT
211-293	WAHOO, WAHOO, BLACK SEABASS, HALIBUT
	= x x

RANGE OF RANDOM NUMBERS: 0-65535

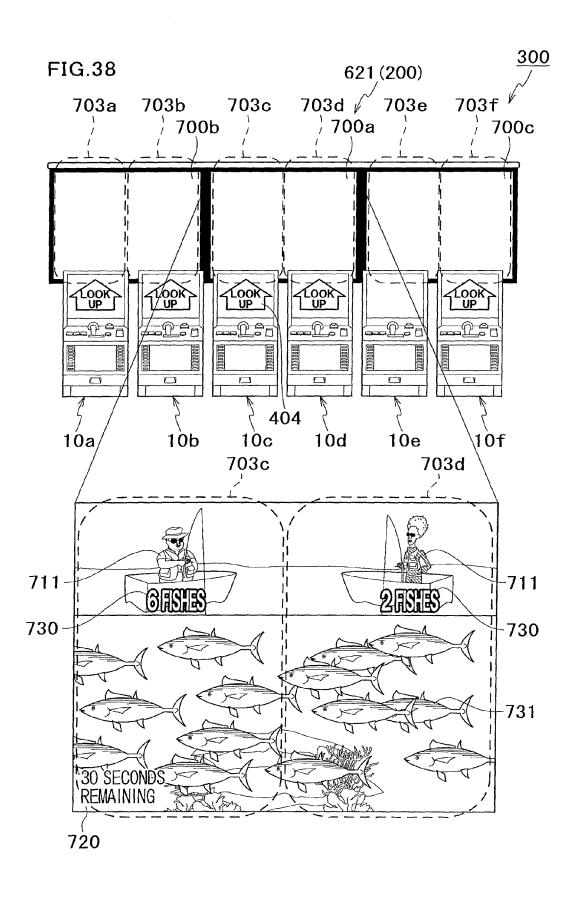


FIG.39

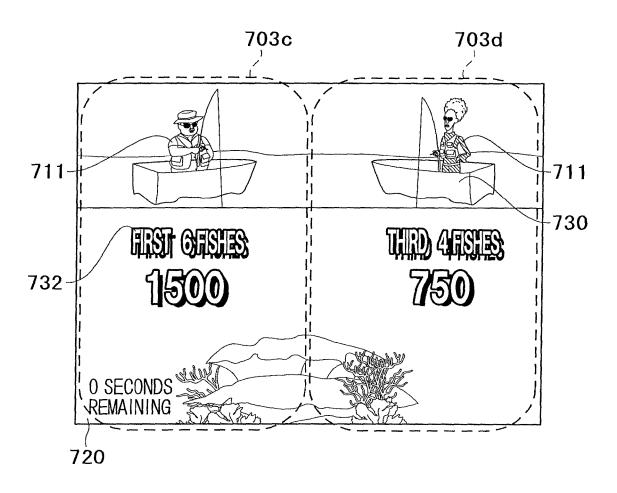
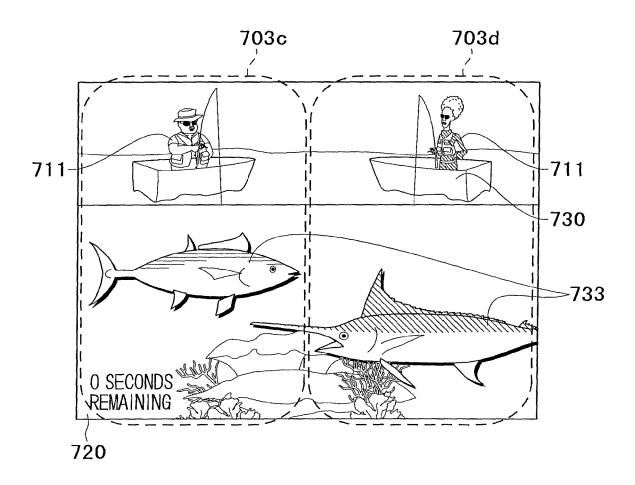


FIG.40



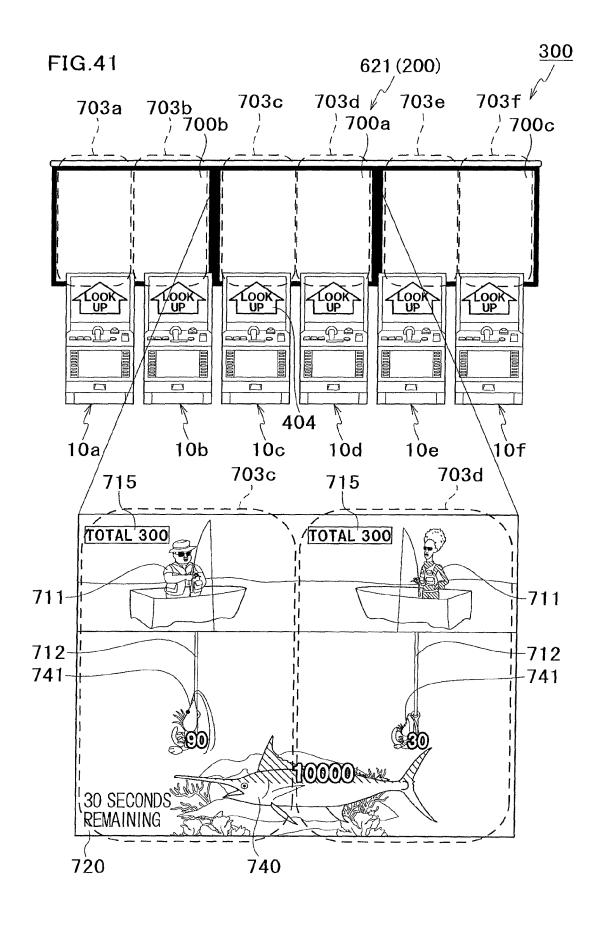


FIG.42

THIRD COMMON GAME PROBABILITY **TABLE**

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RANDOM NUMBERS	WINNING BONUS TYPES
0–19	BLUE MARLIN
20-76	BLUE FIN TUNA
77–399	DOLPHIN FISH

RANGE OF RANDOM NUMBERS: 0-399

FIG.43

MOVEMENT PATTERN TABLE

IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION	MOVEMENT PATTERNS
0001	HIGH DEGREE OF VIBRATION
0002	HIGH DEGREE OF ROTATION
0003	HIGH DEGREE OF VIBRATION, HIGH DEGREE OF ROTATION

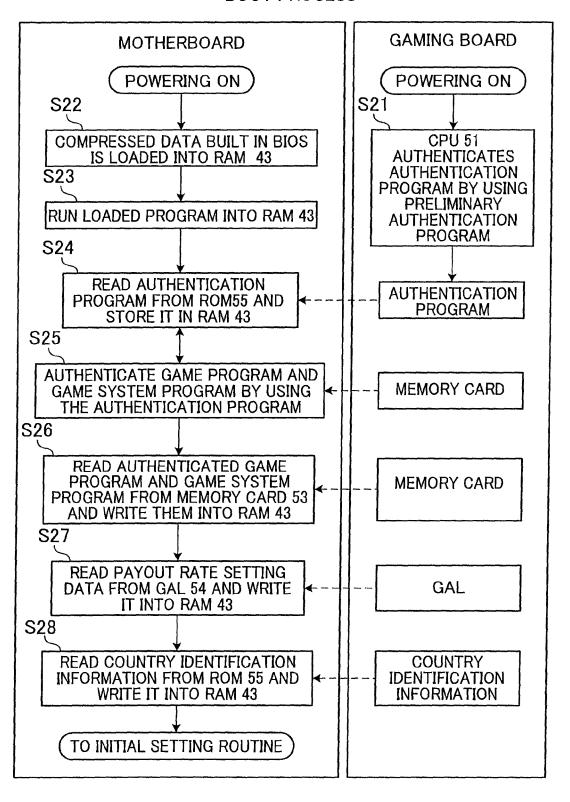
FIG.44

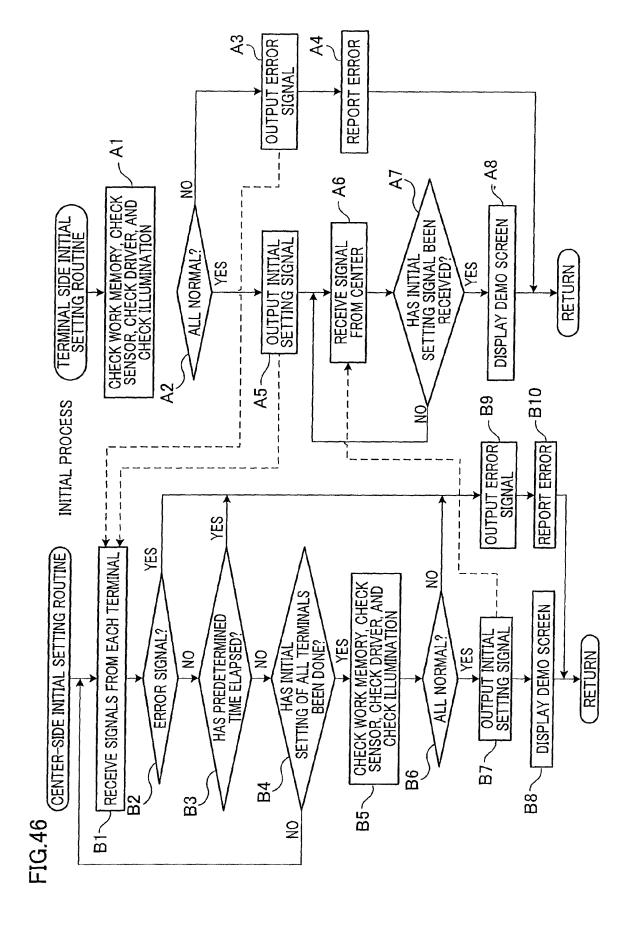
DISPLAY PATTERN TABLE

IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION	DISPLAY PATTERNS
0001	LARGE FISH TOOK BAIT
0002	FISH IS BEING LIFTED
0003	LARGE FISH IS BEING LIFTED
	• • •

FIG.45

BOOT PROCESS





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FIG.47

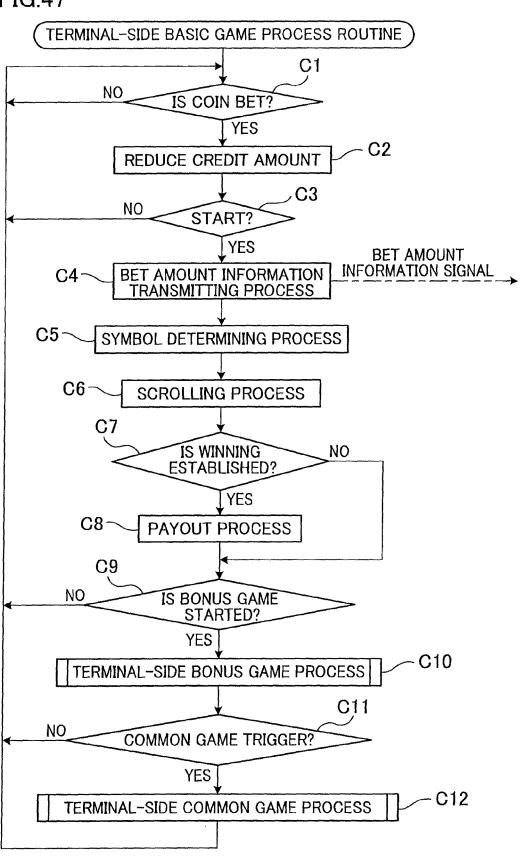


FIG.48

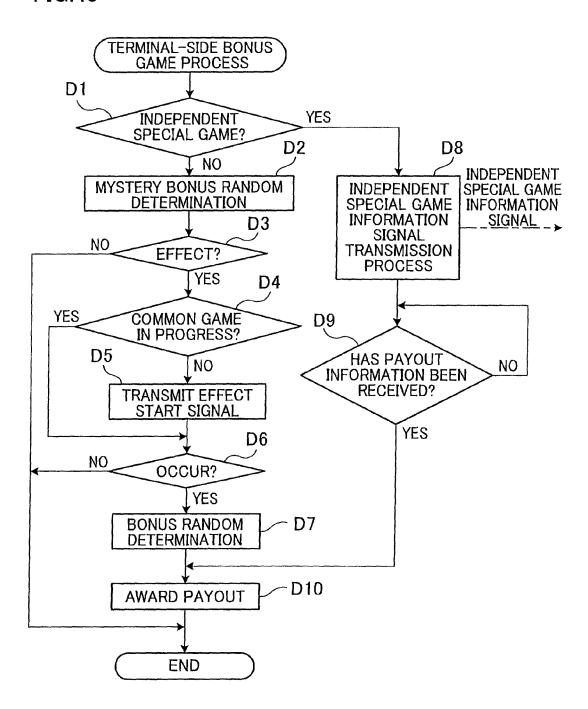


FIG.49

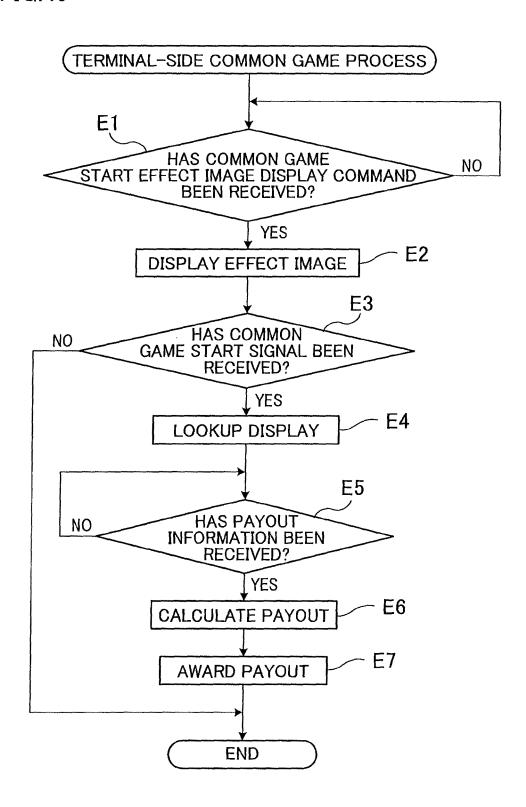


FIG.50

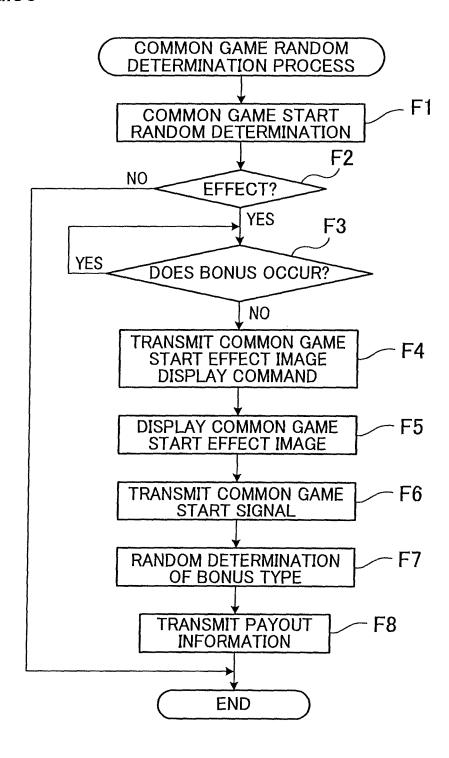
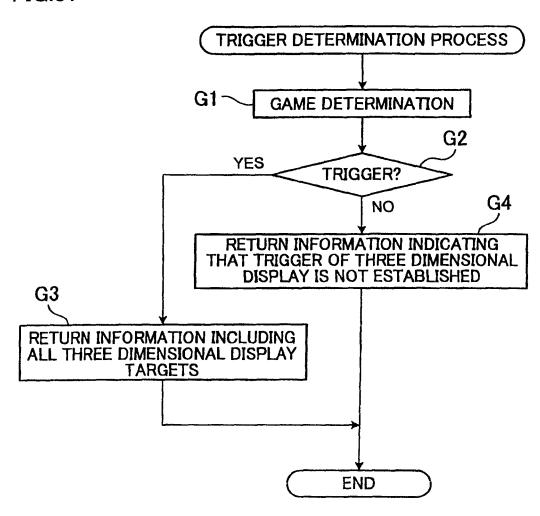


FIG.51



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TRIGGER CONDITION TABLE

-		
RANKING IMAGES OF GAMING TERMINAL AREAS OF FIRST TO THIRD RANKED GAMING TERMINALS	SECOND COMMON THE FINAL RANK IS FIRST, SECOND, OR THIRD	SECOND COMMON GAME
RANKING IMAGES OF GAMING TERMINAL AREAS OF FIRST TO THIRD RANKED GAMING TERMINALS	THE FINAL RANK IS FIRST, SECOND, OR THIRD	FIRST COMMON GAME
FISH IMAGE OF WINNING TERMINAL	WINNING BONUS OF PREDETERMINED AMOUNT OR MORE	FIRST COMMON GAME
THREE DIMENSIONAL TARGET	TRIGGER CONDITIONS	GAME TYPE

GAMING MACHINE WITH COMMON GAME FEATURING 3D EFFECTS

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION

The present application claims priority from Japanese Patent Application No. 2010-252352, which was filed on Nov. 10, 2010, the disclosure of which is herein incorporated by reference in its entirety.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to a gaming machine running a common game.

2. Description of Related Art

A conventional gaming machine includes a plurality of gaming terminals, terminal controllers provided for the 20 respective gaming terminals to cause each gaming terminal to execute a game, and a center controller controlling the terminal controllers. Such a conventional gaming machine is disclosed in, for example, the specification of Published U.S. Application No. 2006/0009283.

In the meanwhile, Japanese Unexamined Patent Publication No. 9-313668, Japanese Unexamined Patent Publication No. 2000-340, Japanese Unexamined Patent Publication No. 2001-25540, and Japanese Unexamined Patent Publication No. 2001-87449 disclose a gaming machine in which symbols look three dimensional and conspicuous as the colors or the like of the symbols are changed, a gaming machine in which symbols look three dimensional reel as depth is added to the symbols, a gaming machine in which symbols on a reel look three dimensional as a lens is provided on the reel where the symbols are printed, and the like.

Each terminal controller individually runs a game for the associated gaming terminal, and awards a payout based on the game. The center controller provides a common game, in which two or more players compete against one another for various jackpots, such as a progressive jackpot and a mystery jackpot, through the gaming terminals. Thus, how to run a common game at each gaming terminal has traditionally been an important element of improving the entertainment characteristic in the gaming machine having the plurality of gaming 45 FIG. 2 FIG. 3

The object of the present invention is to provide a gaming machine having a function of running a common game capable of realizing a high entertainment characteristic, and a playing method of the gaming machine.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

A gaming machine of the present invention includes: a plurality of gaming terminals; a display which displays effect 55 images in accordance with a gaming state of a game on the gaming terminals, and displays at least one of the effect images in three dimensions; and a controller which switches at least one of the effect images on the display from two dimensional display to three dimensional display, when the 60 gaming state satisfies a predetermined condition.

According to the arrangement above, when the gaming state of the gaming terminal satisfies the predetermined condition, at least one of the effect images, which are displayed on the display in accordance with the gaming state, is 65 switched from two dimensional display to three dimensional display. This makes it possible to notify, by a three dimensional

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sional effect image, the player that the gaming state is under the predetermined condition, thereby improving the entertainment characteristics.

The gaming machine of the present invention is arranged so that, the controller randomly determines whether an advantageous gaming state is established in the game, and if determining that the advantageous gaming state is established, switches at least one of the effect images corresponding to the advantageous gaming state from the two dimensional display to the three dimensional display, assuming that the advantageous gaming state is the predetermined condition

According to this arrangement, when the gaming state is advantageous, at least one of the effect images displayed on the display is switched from two dimensional display to three dimensional display. This makes it possible to notify, by a three dimensional effect image, the player that the gaming state is advantageous, thereby improving the entertainment characteristics.

The gaming machine of the present invention is arranged so that, the controller randomly determines whether there is a possibility of establishment of an advantageous gaming state in the game, and if there is the possibility, switches at least one of the effect images corresponding to the advantageous gaming state from the two dimensional display to the three dimensional display, assuming that the possibility is the predetermined condition.

According to the arrangement above, when there is a possibility that the gaming state becomes advantageous, at least one of the effect images displayed on the display is switched from two dimensional display to three dimensional display. This makes it possible to notify, by a three dimensional effect image, the player that there is a possibility that the gaming state becomes advantageous, thereby improving the entertainment characteristics.

The present invention provides a function of running a common game capable of realizing a high entertainment characteristic.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 illustrates the outline of a gaming machine.

FIG. 2 is a block diagram of a gaming terminal.

FIG. 3 is block diagram of a center controller.

FIG. 4 shows an internal connection layout of the gaming machine.

FIG. 5 is a front elevation of the entirety of the gaming machine.

FIG. 6 is a perspective view of the gaming terminal.

FIG. 7 is a schematic drawing of a control lever.

FIG. 8 is a partial exploded perspective view showing the control lever.

FIG. 9 illustrates a lever position determining table.

FIG. 10 illustrates a three dimensional image on the terminal image display panel.

FIG. 11 is a block diagram of a control circuit of the terminal controller.

FIG. 12 is a block diagram of a control circuit of the center controller.

FIG. 13 shows an example of a display screen of a base game.

FIG. 14 illustrates a base game symbol table.

FIG. 15 illustrates a base game qualification time awarding table.

- ${\rm FIG.}\,16$ illustrates a common game qualification time management table.
 - FIG. 17 illustrates a maximum qualification time table.
 - FIG. 18 illustrates an accumulation calculation table.
- FIG. 19 shows an example of a display screen of a base game.
- FIG. 20 shows an example of a display screen of a base game.
- FIG. 21 shows an example of a display screen of an independent special game.
- FIG. 22 illustrates a display state of a terminal image display panel and an upper display.
- FIG. 23 illustrates an independent special game qualification time awarding table.
- FIG. 24 illustrates a display state on the upper display during an independent special game.
 - FIG. 25 illustrates a bonus type table.
- FIG. 26 illustrates an independent special game probability table.
- FIG. 27 shows an example of a display screen of an independent special game.
- FIG. **28** illustrates a mystery bonus start random determination table.
 - FIG. 29 illustrates a mystery bonus probability table.
- FIG. 30 shows an example of a display screen of a mystery bonus.
- FIG. 31 illustrates a common game start random determination table.
- FIG. 32 illustrates a common game type random determination table.
- FIG. 33 illustrates an example of a common game start effect image.
- FIG. 34 shows an example of a display screen of a first 35 common game.
- FIG. **35** shows an example of a display screen of a first common game.
- FIG. 36 shows an example of a display screen of a first $_{\rm 40}$ common game.
 - FIG. 37 illustrates a first common game probability table.
- FIG. 38 shows an example of a display screen of a second common game.
- FIG. 39 shows an example of a display screen of a second 45 common game.
- FIG. 40 shows an example of a display screen of a third common game.
- FIG. $4\overline{1}$ shows an example of a display screen of a third common game.
 - FIG. 42 illustrates a third common game probability table.
 - FIG. 43 illustrates a movement pattern table.
 - FIG. 44 illustrates a display pattern table.
 - FIG. 45 is a flowchart of a boot process.
 - FIG. 46 is a flowchart of an initial process.
- FIG. 47 is a flowchart of a terminal-side basic game process.
- FIG. 48 is a flowchart of a terminal-side bonus game process.
- FIG. 49 is a flowchart or a terminal-side common game process.
- FIG. **50** is a flowchart of a common game random determination process.
 - FIG. 51 is a flowchart of a trigger determination process.
 - FIG. 52 illustrates a trigger condition table.

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DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

The following will describe an embodiment of the present invention with reference to the figures.

(Gaming Machine Overview)

A gaming machine includes a plurality of gaming terminals and a center controller data-communicably connected to the gaming terminals. Each gaming terminal runs independently of the other gaming terminals a unit game using symbol columns, and runs a common game in sync with the other gaming terminals.

More specifically, as shown in FIG. 1 to FIG. 3, the gaming machine 300 of the present embodiment has a multi-player type structure, where gaming terminals 10 are connected in a parallel manner and in communication with a center controller 200. The gaming machine 300 is structured so that each gaming terminal 10 is able to individually run a unit game such as a slot game, independently of the other slot machines 10. In the unit game, symbols 501 are rearranged on the terminal display 614 (terminal image display panel 16) of the gaming terminal 10. In this gaming machine 300, when a predetermined condition (trigger condition) is satisfied, three dimensional display is triggered (3D display trigger) and at least one of effect images are three-dimensionally displayed.

(Functional Block of Gaming Machine 300: Gaming Terminal 10)

The gaming machine 300 having the above structure includes gaming terminals 10 and the external controller 621 (center controller 200) data-communicably connected to the gaming terminals 10, as illustrated in FIGS. 1 to 3. The external controller 621 is data-communicably connected to the gaming terminals 10 which are provided in a parallel manner.

The gaming terminal 10 includes a bet button unit 601, a spin button unit 602, a movable unit 603, a terminal display 614, and a terminal controller 630 controlling these components. Note that the bet button unit 601, the spin button unit 602, and the movable unit 603 each are a kind of an input device. Further the gaming terminal 10 includes a transceiver unit 652 which enables data communication with the external controller 621.

The bet button unit 601 has a function of accepting a player's operation for entering a bet amount. The spin button unit 602 and the movable unit 603 have a function of receiving a start of a game such as basic game through a player's operation; i.e., start operation. The terminal display 614 has a function of displaying, in the form of a still image, various symbols 501, numerical values, marks, or the like, and displaying moving pictures such as an effect movie. Furthermore, the terminal display 614 has a function of switching at least one of the effect images from two dimensional display to three dimensional display. The movable unit 603 can receive an input from the outside as described above, and can be moved in accordance with a plurality of movement patterns by the terminal controller 630, thereby making it possible to produce various effects.

The terminal controller 630 includes a coin insertion/start-check unit 603, a basic game running unit 605, a common game running unit 653, a random number sampling unit 615, a symbol determining unit 612, an effect-use random number sampling unit 616, an effect determining unit 613, a condition determining unit 610, a display switch unit 611, a speaker unit 617, a lamp unit 618, a winning determining unit 619, and a payout unit 620.

The coin insertion/start-check unit 603 determines which one of the base game, the bonus game, the common game, and

the like is to be started, and determines whether the determined one of the base game, the bonus game, the common game, and the like is startable, based on signals output from the bet button unit **601**, the spin button unit **602**, and the movable unit **603**, and a signal or the like from the center of controller **200**.

The basic game running unit 605 has a function of running a base game on condition that the bet button unit 601 is operated. The basic game running unit 605 determines whether to run a terminal bonus game, based on a combination of rearranged symbols 501 resulted from the base game.

Further, the basic game running unit **605** has a function of outputting the state of the basic game to the center controller **200**, via the transceiver unit **652**. That is, the basic game running unit **605** outputs the running status information to the center controller **200**.

The common game running unit 653 has a function of running the common game, based on a game start command from the center controller 200.

The symbol determining unit 612 has: a function of determining symbols 501 to be rearranged, by using a random number given by the random number sampling unit 615; a function of rearranging selected symbols 501 on the symbol display region 614a of the terminal display 614; and a function of outputting information of the symbols 501 rearranged, to the winning determining unit 619.

More specifically, the symbol determining unit 612 has functions of: selecting the symbol column image 500 according to the game (basic game or common game); scroll displaying the symbol column image 500 selected on the terminal display 614; and stopping the scroll display to rearrange the symbols 501 determined.

The effect-use random number sampling unit 616 has functions of, when receiving the effect instruction signal from the symbol determining unit 612, sampling an effect-use random number; and outputting the effect-use random number to the effect determining unit. The effect determining unit 613 has a function of determining the contents of effect by using a effect-use random number, a function of outputting the visual information of the determined contents of effect to a video display region 614b of the terminal display 614, and a function of outputting audio and illumination information of the determined contents of effect to the speaker unit 617 and the lamp unit 618.

The condition determining unit 610 has a function of determining whether the gaming state of a basic game or a common game satisfies a predetermined condition. The condition determining unit 610 further has a function of outputting a trigger signal by which at least one of effect images is 50 switched from two dimensional display to three dimensional display, when the gaming state satisfies the predetermined condition

The display switch unit **611** has a function of switching at least one of effect images on the terminal display **614** from 55 two dimensional display to three dimensional display, when the trigger signal is output from the condition determining unit **610**.

The winning determining unit **619** has a function of determining whether a winning is achieved when rearrangement 60 information of the symbols **501**, which is a display state rearranged on the terminal display **614**, is obtained, a function of calculating a payout amount based on a winning combination when it is determined that a winning is achieved, and a function of outputting a payout signal based on the payout 65 amount to the payout unit **620**. The payout unit **620** has a function of awarding the player a game value in the form of a

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coin, a medal, credit, or the like, based on a payout signal from the winning determining unit 619 or the center controller.

The transceiver unit 652 has functions of: outputting the running state of the basic game, points calculated in the common game, or the like to the center controller 200, along with the identification information of each gaming terminal 10; and receiving the game start command from the center controller 200, and the common game symbol column image 500b, or the like.

(Functional Block of Gaming Machine 300: External Controller)

The gaming terminal 10 structured as above is connected to the external controller 621. This external controller 621 has a function of remotely operating and monitoring the operation state of each gaming terminal 10 and processes such as changes in various game setting values. Further, the external controller 621 has a function of running the common game in a plurality of gaming terminals 10 simultaneously.

More specifically, as shown in FIG. 3, the external controller 621 includes a common game running unit 6211, a game start command unit 6212, a payout determining unit 6213, a transceiver unit 6217, a plurality of upper displays 700, a display controller 701, an effect determining unit 6613, a condition determining unit 6616, and a display switch unit 6611.

The common game running unit 6211 has functions of determining whether to start the common game, based on the state of the basic game obtained from the terminal controller 630, and synchronizing the common game run in each of the gaming terminals 10. The common game running unit 6211 carries out random determinations concerning a common game (e.g., a random determination as to whether a payout is awarded to each gaming terminal and a random determination of a payout amount of a payout to be awarded). The game start command unit 6212 has a function of outputting the game start command to the gaming terminal 10. The transceiver unit 6217 has a function of allowing data exchange among the gaming terminals 10.

The effect determining unit 6613 has a function of sampling an effect-use random number based on the random determinations by the common game running unit 6211, a function of determining the contents of effect by using the effect-use random number, and a function of controlling the display controller 701 so that the visual information of the determined contents of effect is displayed on the upper display 700.

The condition determining unit 6610 has a function of determining whether the gaming state of a basic game or a common game satisfies a predetermined condition. The gaming state of a basic game is transmitted from each gaming terminal 10 via the transceiver unit 6217. The condition determining unit 6610 has a function of outputting a trigger signal by which at least one of effect images is switched from two dimensional display to three dimensional display, when the gaming state satisfies the predetermined condition.

More specifically, as the predetermined condition, the condition determining unit 6610 determines whether the gaming state is more advantageous than the normal gaming state and/or whether there is a possibility that the gaming state becomes more advantageous than the normal gaming state, as a result of the random determinations by the common game running unit 6211.

The display switch unit 611 has a function of switching at least one of effect images displayed on the upper display 700

from two dimensional display to three dimensional display, when the condition determining unit 610 outputs the trigger

The upper displays 700 are provided in a parallel manner, and are controlled by the associated display controllers 701 so 5 that the upper displays 700 form a single common effect display screen. Furthermore, the upper displays 700 have a function of switching at least one of the effect images displayed on this common effect display screen from two dimensional display to three dimensional display. The common 10 effect display screen is arranged to display a plurality of individual images corresponding to the respective gaming terminals 10. Furthermore, the common effect display screen is arranged to display a common game start effect image. The common game start effect image is stored in the image stor- 15 age unit 6216. The display controller 701 is controlled by the common game running unit 6211.

The gaming machine 300 includes, as controllers, the terminal controller 630 and the center controller 200, and each of the controllers has the function of controlling the switching 20 of image display on the terminal display 614 and the upper display 700 between two dimensions and three dimensions, but the disclosure is not limited to this arrangement. For example, the center controller 200 may control each of the displays.

In other words, the gaming machine 300 arrangement as above has the following arrangement.

That is, the gaming machine 300 includes: a plurality of gaming terminals 10; a terminal display 614 (terminal image display panel 16) and an upper display 700 which display 30 effect images in accordance with a gaming state of a game on the gaming terminals 10 and display at least one of the effect images in three dimensions; a terminal controller 630 which switches, when the gaming state satisfies a predetermined condition, at least one of the effect images on the terminal 35 display 614 and the upper display 700 from two dimensional display to three dimensional display, and a center controller

According to the arrangement above, when the gaming condition, at least one of the effect images, which are displayed on the terminal display 614 and the upper display 700 in accordance with the gaming state, is switched from two dimensional display to three dimensional display. This makes it possible to notify, by a three dimensional effect image, the 45 player that the gaming state is under the predetermined condition, thereby improving the entertainment characteristics.

The gaming machine 300 above may be arranged so that the terminal controller 630 and the center controller 200 randomly determine whether an advantageous gaming state is 50 established in a game, and at least one of the effect images corresponding to the advantageous gaming state is switched from two dimensional display to three dimensional display, with the assumption that the establishment of the advantageous gaming state is the predetermined condition.

According to this arrangement, when the gaming state is advantageous, at least one of the effect images displayed on the terminal display 614 and the upper display 700 is switched from two dimensional display to three dimensional display. This makes it possible to notify, by a three dimensional effect 60 image, the player that the gaming state is advantageous, thereby improving the entertainment characteristics.

In addition to the above, the gaming machine 300 above may be arranged so that the terminal controller 630 and the center controller 200 randomly determine whether there is a 65 possibility that an advantageous gaming state is established in a game, and at least one of the effect images corresponding to

the advantageous gaming state is switched from two dimensional display to three dimensional display, with the assumption that the possibility of establishment of the advantageous gaming state is the predetermined condition.

According to the arrangement above, when there is a possibility that the gaming state becomes advantageous, at least one of the effect images displayed on the terminal display 614 and the upper display 700 is switched from two dimensional display to three dimensional display. This makes it possible to notify, by a three dimensional effect image, the player that there is a possibility that the gaming state becomes advantageous, thereby improving the entertainment characteristics.

Note that the connection between the gaming terminals 10 and the center controller 200 may be wireless, wired, or a combination of these. Note that a unit of the bet amount may be a national or regional currency such as dollar, yen, and Euro. The unit of the bet amount may also be a game point used only at a hall where the gaming machine 300 is provided, or in the related industry.

The expression "rearrange" means dismissing an arrangement of symbols 501, and once again arranging symbols 501. An "arrangement" in this specification means a state of symbols 501, which can be visually confirmed by a player.

Note that a unit game includes a series of operations per-25 formed within a period between a start of receiving a bet to a point where a winning may be resulted. In the present embodiment, a unit game is repeatable in the base game, and contains one each of the following: a bet time where a bet is accepted; a game time where symbols 501 having been stopped are rearranged; and a payout time where a payout process is performed to award a payout. Note that the "base game" is a game runnable on condition that a game value is bet, which base game awards an amount of game media based on symbols 501 rearranged. In other words, the "base game" is a unit game which starts on the premise that a game value is consumed. The "unit game" in the present embodiment is so-called slot game which is run in each gaming terminal 10 independently of the other gaming terminals 10.

Note that the gaming machine 300 of the present embodistate of the gaming terminal 10 satisfies the predetermined 40 ment is structured so that each gaming terminal 10 is able to run a bonus game (terminal bonus game) independently of the other gaming terminals 10. Another bonus game may be adopted in combination, provided that the player is given a more advantageous gaming state than the base game. For example, in the bonus game, various states such as a state in which a larger amount of game values than in the base game is obtainable, a state in which the probability of obtaining a game value is higher than in the base game, and a state in which the amount of consumed game values is smaller than in the base game such as a free game may be realized independently or in combination.

> A game runnable with a bet of less game values than the base game is referred to as "free game". Note that "bet of fewer amounts of game values" encompasses a bet of zero 55 game value. The "free game" therefore may be a game runnable without a bet of game value, which awards an amount of game values according to symbols 501 having been rearranged. In other words, the "free game" may be a game which is started without the premise that a game value is consumed. To the contrary, a later-mentioned "base game" is a game runnable on condition that a game value is bet, which awards an amount of game values according to symbols 501 rearranged. In other words, the "base game" is a game which starts on the premise that a game value is consumed.

The gaming machine 300 of the present embodiment has a state in which the base game or the bonus game is runnable, and a state in which the common game is runnable. The base

game and/or the bonus game (terminal bonus game) are also referred to as basic game. Thus, in the present embodiment, the basic game includes a base game and/or a bonus game. Further, the common game or the period during which the common game is run is referred to as "event time".

The "game value" is a coin, bill, or electronic information corresponding to them. Note that the game value in the present invention is not particularly limited. Examples of the game value include game media such as medals, tokens, electronic money, tickets, and the like. Further, the ticket is not particularly limited and may be a later-described ticket with a barcode or the like ticket.

Although the present embodiment describes a gaming machine 300 which has a center controller 200 in addition to the gaming terminals 10, the invention is not limited to this. 15 The gaming machine 300 may be arranged so that one or more gaming terminal 10 has the function of the center controller 200 and the gaming terminals 10 are connected with each other to be able to exchange data therebetween.

In addition to the above, the statement "there is a possibility 20 that the gaming state becomes advantageous" includes a case where no payout will be awarded as a result of a random determination. In other words, even if no payout will be awarded as a result of a random determination, an effect notifying the result of the random determination may indicate 25 nal panel 800 is provided. Each inter-terminal panel 800 has that a payout is almost awarded. More specifically, in a slot game which is configured so that a payout is awarded when a predetermined number or more of symbols of the same type are rearranged, "a possibility that the gaming state becomes advantageous" may be confirmed irrespective of a result of 30 random determination, when one symbol short from the predetermined number of symbols of the same type and a payout will be awarded if one more symbol of the same type is

(Internal Connection Layout of Gaming Machine 300)

Now, referring to FIG. 4, the internal connection layout of the gaming machine 300 including the gaming terminals 10 will be described. FIG. 4 shows the gaming machine 300 including the gaming terminals 10 according to First Embodiment of the present invention.

The gaming machine 300 includes six gaming terminals 10 and an external controller 621. The external controller 621 includes three upper displays 700 (700a, 700b, and 700c) and three display controllers 701 (701a, 701b, and 701c). The display controller 701a is a component of the center control- 45 ler 200 and hosts the other display controllers 701b and 701c. In other words, the display controllers 701b and 701c are clients of the display controller 701a. The display controllers 701a, 701b, and 701c are connected with the respective upper displays 700a, 700b, and 700c via monitor cables 302, so as 50 to function as system controllers controlling the respective upper displays 700.

In addition to the above, the gaming machine 300 is provided with a hub 201. Upstream of the hub 201, the display controller 701a (center controller 200) is connected via a 55 LAN cable 301. On the other hand, downstream of the hub **201**, the gaming terminals **10** and the display controllers 701band 701c are connected via the LAN cable 301. That is to say, the center controller 200 is connected with the gaming terminals 10 to be able to conduct data communications therebe- 60 tween, and the center controller 200 (display controller 701a) is connected to be able to control the display controllers 701band 701c. This makes it possible to control the display controllers 701a, 701b, and 701c to cause the upper displays 700 to display images as a single common effect display screen.

In addition to the above, the upper display 700a is provided with an illuminance sensor 702 to detect the brightness of 10

disturbance light applied to the upper display 700a. The illuminance sensor 702 transmits a brightness signal always or at regular intervals to the center controller 200. This brightness signal indicates the brightness of the disturbance light applied onto the upper display 700a. Receiving the brightness signal, the center controller 200 determines whether the currently-set brightness is appropriate by conducting comparison with a predetermined standard. If inappropriate, the center controller 200 controls the display controllers 701a, 701b, and 701c to change the brightness to a suitable level.

(Mechanical Structure of Gaming Machine 300)

Next, the following describes a specific example of mechanical and electrical structures of the gaming machine 300 thus structured.

As shown in FIG. 5, the gaming machine 300 includes six gaming terminals 10 which are provided in a parallel manner and each independently runs a basic game and an external controller 621 (center controller 200) which is connected with the gaming terminals 10 to be able to communicate therewith and runs a common game. The external controller **621** has three parallel upper displays 700a, 700b, and 700cforming a single common effect display screen, independently from the gaming terminals 10.

Between neighboring gaming terminals 10, an inter-termiat least one LED to light the panel itself. The inter-terminal panel 800 is decorated with pictures indicating the theme of the games playable by the gaming machine 300, giving integrity to the gaming terminals 10. This makes the entirety of the gaming machine 300 look larger than the actual size.

In addition to the above, the upper displays 700 are provided with LED units 801 corresponding to the respective gaming terminals 10. More specifically, the LED units 801 are provided at the upper parts of the frame of each upper display 700 to be immediately above the respective gaming terminals 10. That is to say, the LED units 801 are provided to enclose an upper part of the upper displays 700. For example, in accordance with the gaming state of the gaming terminal 10, the LED unit 801 produces an effect such as flickering.

In addition to the above, above the external controller 621 and above each gaming terminal 10, decoration panels decorated with pictures indicating the theme of the games playable by the gaming machine 300 are provided. It is noted that, except FIG. 5, the inter-terminal panel 800, the LED units **801**, and the decoration panels are omitted from the figures.

As shown in FIG. 6, the gaming terminal 10 includes a cabinet 11 and a main door 13 provided on the front surface of the cabinet 11. The main door 13 has a terminal image display panel 16. The terminal image display panel 16 has a transparent liquid crystal panel for displaying various kinds of information. The terminal image display panel 16 displays display windows 150 (display video reels 151 to 155) for scrolldisplaying and arranging a plurality of symbols 501 (see FIG. 13). Further, the terminal image display panel 16 displays various information and effect images related to a game.

The present embodiment deals with a case where the terminal image display panel 16 electrically displays symbols 501 arranged in five columns and three rows. However, the present invention is not limited to this.

Note that the terminal image display panel 16 may have a credit amount display unit and a payout amount display unit. The credit amount display unit displays a total value (hereinafter also referred to as total credit value) which a gaming terminal 10 can payout to a player. When symbols stopped along a payline form a winning combination, the payout amount display unit displays the number of coins to be paid

Such a terminal image display panel 16 and upper displays 700 are arranged to be able to display an image in three dimensions at least a part thereof. The three dimensional display by the terminal image display panel 16 and the upper displays 700 will be discussed later.

Below the terminal image display panel 16 provided are a control panel 20, a coin receiving slot 21, and a bill validator 22. The control panel 20 is provided with buttons 23 to 27 and a control lever 603 as a movable unit. These buttons 23 to 27 and the control lever 603 allows the player to input instructions concerning the progress of a game. Through the coin receiving slot 21, a coin is received in the cabinet 11.

The control panel 20 has: a spin button 23, a change button 24, a cashout button 25, a 1-bet button 26, and a maximum bet button 27. The spin button 23 is for inputting an instruction to start symbol scrolling. The change button 24 is used to ask a staff person in the gaming facility for exchange of money. The cashout button 25 is for inputting an instruction to payout coins corresponding to the total credit value into the coin tray

The 1-bet button 26 is used for betting one coin out of those corresponding to the total credit value. The maximum bet button 27 is used for betting, out of those corresponding to the total credit value, a maximum number of coins (e.g., 50 coins) which can be bet in one game.

The bill validator 22 validates whether a bill is genuine or not and receives the genuine bill into the cabinet 11. Note that the bill validator 22 is capable of reading a barcode attached to a later-mentioned barcoded ticket 39. When the bill validator 22 reads the barcoded ticket 39, it outputs to the main 30 CPU 41 a read signal representing information having read from the barcode.

On the lower front surface of the main door 13, that is, below the control panel 20, a belly glass 34 is provided. On the belly glass 34, a character of the gaming terminal 10, or 35 the like is drawn.

Below the terminal image display panel 16 are provided a ticket printer 35, a card reader 36, a data displayer 37, and a keypad 38. The ticket printer 35 prints on a ticket a barcode and outputs the ticket as a barcoded ticket 39. A barcode is 40 encoded data containing a credit amount, date and time, an identification number of the gaming terminal 10, or the like. A player can play a game in another gaming terminal 10 using the barcoded ticket 39 having the barcode, or can exchange the barcoded ticket 39 having the barcode with a bill or the 45 like at a change booth of the gaming facility.

The card reader 36 reads/writes data from/into a smart card. The smart card is carried by a player, and stores therein data for identifying the player, data relating to a history of games played by the player, or the like.

The data displayer 37 includes a fluorescent display or the like, and displays the data read by the card reader 36 and the data input by the player through the keypad 38. The keypad 38 is for entering instructions or data relating to issuing of a ticket or the like.

Now, referring to FIG. 7 and FIG. 8, the control lever 603 will be described. FIG. 7 is a schematic drawing showing the control lever 603 crosswise. As shown in FIG. 7, the control lever 603 includes a lever body (lever) 6031 that the player can grip, a vibration motor (first motor) 6032 which is provided in the lever body 6031 to vibrate the lever, a rotation motor (second motor) 6033 which is provided in the lever body 6031 to bias the lever 6031 in a predetermined rotation direction, and an LED (light emission unit) 6034 provided at an upper part of the lever body 6031.

The lever body 6031 is substantially T-shaped in cross section, and has at an upper part a light emitting portion in

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which the LED 6034 is stored and a gripped portion to be gripped by the player. The light emitting portion of the lever body 6031 is provided with a light-transmissive cover 6035 which allows light from the LED 6034 to pass through. At an upper part of the gripped portion, the vibration motor 6032 is stored. This motor 6032 vibrates under the control of an unillustrated driver. Furthermore, the lever body 6031 is arranged to be rotatable in forward and backward directions in the elevation view of the gaming terminal 10 (i.e. the directions indicated by the arrows in FIG. 7). The control lever 603 is provided with the rotation motor 6033 at a part inside the cabinet 11 below the gripped portion. The rotation motor 6033 provides torque in a rotation direction to the lever body 6031 in a rotatable state, by an unillustrated driver.

In addition to the above, at the light emitting portion of the control lever 603, a pendulum component 6036 is provided to be coaxial with the vibration motor 6032 and rotate with the vibration motor 6032. FIG. 8 is a partial exploded perspective view showing the control lever. As shown in FIG. 8, the 20 pendulum component 6036 is formed to partly protrude in a radial direction. The pendulum component 6036 is positioned to block at least a part of light emitted from the LED 6034 to the light-transmissive cover 6035. With this, rotating with the vibration motor 6032, the pendulum component 6036 changes the light emitted from the LED 6034 and running out through the light-transmissive cover 6035 in synchronization with the vibration motor 6032. In other words, as the protrusion of the pendulum component 6036 blocks or do not block the light from the LED 6034, the light viewed from the outside through the light-transmissive cover 6035 is changed.

As shown in FIG. 7, the control lever 603 is connected to a magnet 6201. The magnet 6201 rotates with the lever body 6031 because it is connected to the rotation axis of the lever body 6031. With this, the magnet 6201 changes an external magnetic field in accordance with the rotation of the lever body 6031. Furthermore, as shown in FIG. 7, a magnetic force detecting mechanism 6202 is fixed to the vicinity of the magnet 6201. This magnetic force detecting mechanism 6202 includes a magnetic force sensor which outputs a magnetic force detection signal indicating the output intensity of the magnetic force and a sensor fixing mechanism which fixes the magnetic force sensor at a predetermined position. The magnetic force detecting mechanism 6202 is arranged to detect the magnetic force of the magnetic field generated by the magnet 6201 and changing in accordance with the rotation of the lever body 6031.

(Lever Position Determining Table)

FIG. 9 illustrates a lever position determining table when a lever position is associated with a detected magnetic force. The lever position determining table has a lever position field and a detected magnetic force field. Each type the gaming terminal 10 is activated, the table is updated in a later-described RAM 43. More specifically, the lever position field stores lever positions indicating the angles of the lever body 6031. The detected magnetic force field stores the magnetic forces detected by the magnetic force detecting mechanism 6202, when the lever body 6031 is at the respective lever positions.

More specifically, when the gaming terminal 10 is activated, the lever body 6031 of is rotated by the rotation motor 6033 from the starting point to the ending point, while the magnetic force detecting mechanism 6202 detects the magnetic forces at the respective positions. As such, the magnetic forces of the lever body 6031 at the respective positions are detected, and the lever position determining table in which the positions are associated with the magnetic forces at the respective positions is updated. For example, in the case of

FIG. 9, the detected magnetic force at the starting point is "ND78", whereas the detected magnetic force at the ending point is "ND126". Therefore, in the movable range of the lever body 6031, the magnetic force varies within the range of "ND78" to "ND126". In other words, it is possible to specify 5 the position (angle) of the lever body 6031 by reading out a detected magnetic force.

(Three Dimensional Display by Upper Display **700** and Terminal Image Display Panel **16**)

The upper display **700** and the terminal image display 10 panel **16** are naked-eye 3D liquid crystal display devices employing the DFD (Depth-Fused 3-D) technology. In principle, front and back transparent liquid crystal panels are stacked on one another with a suitable gap there between, and the same images with different brightness are displayed on 15 the respective panels in an overlapping manner. As a result, human eyes perceive a single three dimensional image. The DFD technology uses this principle and produces continuous depth between the panels by changing the brightness ratio between the images on the respective panels. This technology 20 makes it possible to produce natural three dimensional images which causes less visual fatigue and are suitable for prolonged viewing.

Referring to FIG. 10, a three dimensional image displayed on the terminal image display panel 16 will be described. As 25 shown in FIG. 10, a back transparent liquid crystal panel 17 is provided behind the terminal image display panel 16 with a gap of several millimeters. As the brightness of each of images displayed on the panels 16 and 17 is changed, a three dimensional image is produced. The upper display 700 also 30 has a back transparent liquid crystal panel 717 in the same manner as the terminal image display panel 16. The description concerning the upper display 700 will be omitted because it is identical with the description concerning the terminal image display panel 16.

For example, as shown in FIG. 10, the more the brightness of a front image 63a is lower than the brightness of a back image 64a, the further a three dimensional image 65a is perceived. On the other hand, the more the brightness of the front image 63b is higher than that of the back image 64b, the 40 nearer a three dimensional image 35b is perceived. In the meanwhile, when only the front surface image 63c or the back image is displayed, the image is perceived as a two dimensional image. When the brightness of the front image is identical with that of the back image, a three dimensional image is 45 perceived at around the center between the images. As such, switching between two dimensional display and three dimensional display is achieved by controlling the brightness of each of the two transparent liquid crystal panels, and both two dimensional images and three dimensional images are dis- 50 playable.

Although the present embodiment employs the DFD technology as means for displaying three dimensional images, any other types of technologies may be employed as long as three dimensional images are displayable. For example, any 55 of the following types may be employed: the red-cyan method which achieves three dimensional display by displaying two images with binocular parallax and two complementary colors (red and cyan in most cases); the polarizing filter method which achieves three dimensional display in such a way that 60 an image is displayed on a screen through two polarizing filters which are orthogonally polarized, and the viewer views the image through glasses with a corresponding polarizing filter; the time division method which achieves three dimensional display such that an image for left eye and an image for right eye are switched at regular intervals and the viewer views the images through glasses in which shutters are

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opened and closed in accordance with the switching of the image display; the parallax barrier method which achieves three dimensional display by using a barrier with narrow vertical slits and images for the respective eyes which are provided behind the barrier and are divided into vertically-long pieces and alternately provided; and the lenticular method which achieves three dimensional display by using a lens which is an array of half cylinders and images for the respective eyes which are provided behind the barrier and are divided into vertically-long pieces and alternately provided.

(Electric Configuration of Gaming Machine 300)

FIG. 11 and FIG. 12 are block diagrams showing the overall electric configurations of the gaming machine 300.

(Electric Configuration of Gaming Terminal 10)

FIG. 10 is a block diagram illustrating an electric configuration of each of the gaming terminals 10. As illustrated in FIG. 10, the cabinet 11 includes a control unit having a terminal controller 630. The control unit includes a mother-board 40, a main body PCB (Printed Circuit Board) 60, a gaming board 50, a door PCB 80, various switches, sensors, or the like, as shown in FIG. 10.

The gaming board **50** is provided with a CPU (Central Processing Unit) **51**, a ROM **55**, a boot ROM **52**, a card slot **53**S corresponding to a memory card **53**, and an IC socket **54**S corresponding to a GAL (Generic Array Logic) **54**. The CPU **51**, the ROM **55**, and the boot ROM **52** are connected to one another through an internal bus.

The memory card **53** stores therein a game program and a game system program. The game program contains a stop symbol determining program. The stop symbol determining program determines symbols (code number corresponding to the symbol) to be stopped in the display windows **150**. This stop symbol determining program contains sets of symbol weighting data respectively corresponding to various payout ratios (e.g., 80%, 84%, 88%). Each set of the symbol weighting data indicates, for each of the video reels **151** to **155**, a code number of each symbol and at least one random number allotted to the code number. The numerical value is a value within a predetermined range of 0 to 256 for example.

The payout ratio is determined based on payout ratio setting data output from the GAL **54**. Based on a set of the symbol weighting data corresponding to the payout ratio determined, a symbol to be stopped is determined.

The memory card 53 stores therein various types of data for use in the game programs and the game system programs. For example, the memory card 53 stores a table listing combinations of a symbol 501 to be displayed on the video reels 151 to 155 and an associated range of random numbers. This data is transferred to the RAM 43 of the motherboard 40, at the time of running a game program.

The card slot 53S is structured so as to allow the memory card 53 to be attached/detached to/from the card slot 53S. This card slot 53S is connected to the motherboard 40 through an IDE bus. Thus, a type and contents of a game run at the gaming terminal 10 can be changed by detaching the memory card 53 from the card slot 53S, writing a different game program and a different game system program into the memory card 53, and inserting the memory card 53 back into the card slot 53S.

Each of the game programs includes a program related to the progress of the game and/or a program for causing a transition to a common game. Each of the game programs includes image data and audio data output during the game.

The GAL **54** has input ports and output ports. When the GAL **54** receives data via an input port, it outputs data corre-

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sponding to the input data from its output port. This data from the output port is the payout ratio setting data described above.

IC socket **54S** is structured so as to allow the GAL **54** to be attached/detached to/from the IC socket **54S**. The IC socket **54S** is connected to the motherboard **40**, via a PCI bus. Thus, the payout ratio setting data to be output from GAL **54** can be modified by: detaching the GAL **54** from the IC socket **54S**, overwriting the program stored in the GAL **54**, and attaching the GAL **54** back to the IC socket **54S**.

The CPU **51**, the ROM **55** and the boot ROM **52** connected through an internal bus are connected to the motherboard **40** through the PCI bus. The PCI bus communicates signals between the motherboard **40** and the gaming board **50** and supplies power from the motherboard **40** to the gaming board **50**. The ROM **55** stores country identification information and an authentication program. The boot ROM **52** stores a preliminary authentication program and a program (boot code) for enabling the CPU **51** to run the preliminary authentication program.

The authentication program is a program (falsification check program) for authenticating the game program and the game system program. The authentication program is a program for confirming and verifying that the game program and the game system program are not falsified. In other words, the authentication program is described in accordance with a procedure for authenticating the game program and the game system program. The preliminary authentication program is a program for authenticating the authentication program. The preliminary authentication program is described in accordance with a procedure for verifying that the authentication program to be authenticated is not falsified. In short, the preliminary authentication program authenticates the authentication program.

The motherboard **40** is provided with a main CPU **41** 35 (terminal controller **630**), a ROM (Read Only Memory) **42**, a RAM (Random Access Memory) **43**, and a communication unit **44**

The main CPU **41** serves as a terminal controller **630** and has a function of controlling the entire gaming terminal **10**. In 40 particular, the main CPU **41** controls the following operations: an operation of outputting an instruction signal instructing variable-displaying of symbols **501** to the graphic board **68**, which is performed in response to pressing of the spin button **23** after betting of credit; an operation of determining symbols **501** to be stopped after the variable-displaying of symbols **501**; and an operation of stopping the symbols **501** thus determined in the video reels **151** to **155**.

In other words, the main CPU **41** serves as an arrangement controller which arranges symbols to form a new symbol 50 matrix through scrolling of symbols displayed on the terminal image display panel **16**. This main CPU **41** therefore determines symbols to be arranged in a symbol matrix by selecting symbols to be arranged from various kinds of symbols. Then, the main CPU **41** executes arrangement control to stop scroll-55 ing the symbols to present the symbols thus determined.

The ROM 42 stores a program such as BIOS (Basic Input/Output System) run by the main CPU 41, and permanently-used data. When the BIOS is run by the main CPU 41, each of peripheral devices is initialized and the game program and the 60 game system program stored in the memory card 53 are read out through the gaming board 50. The RAM 43 stores data or a program used for the main CPU 41 to perform a process.

The communication unit **44** is provided to communicate with a host computer or the like equipped in the gaming 65 facility, through a communication line. The communication unit **44** is also for communicating with the center controller

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200 through a hub 201 and a communication line. Further, a main body PCB (Printed Circuit Board) 60 and a door PCB 80 are connected to the motherboard 40, through USB (Universal Serial Bus). Further, the motherboard 40 is connected to a power supply unit 45. The power supply unit 45 supplies power to the motherboard 40 to boot the main CPU 41 thereof. Meanwhile, the power unit 45 supplies power to the gaming board 50 through the PCI bus to boot the CPU 51 thereof.

The main body PCB **60** and door PCB **80** are connected to various devices or units which generate signals to be input to the main CPU **41**, and various devices or units whose operations are controlled by control signals from the main CPU **41**. Based on a signal input to the main CPU **41**, the main CPU **41** runs the game program and the game system program stored in the RAM **43**, to perform a calculation process. Then, the CPU **41** stores the result of the arithmetic process in the RAM **43**, or transmits a control signal to the various devices and units to control them based on the result.

The main body PCB 60 is connected with the lamp 30, a hopper 66, a coin detector 67, the graphic board 68, the speaker 29, the bill validator 22, the ticket printer 35, the card reader 36, a key switch 38S, and the data displayer 37.

The lamp 30 is turned on/off on the basis of a control signal from the main CPU 41.

The hopper 66 is mounted in the cabinet 11 and pays out a predetermined number of coins from a coin outlet 19 to the coin tray 18, based on a control signal from the main CPU 41. The coin detector 67 is provided inside the coin outlet 19, and outputs a signal to be input to the main CPU 41 upon sensing that a predetermined number of coins have been delivered from the coin outlet 19.

The graphic board **68** controls image displaying of the terminal image display panel **16**, based on a control signal from the main CPU **41**. Further, the graphic board **68** is provided with a VDP (Video Display Processor) for generating image data on the basis of a control signal from the main CPU **41**, a video RAM for temporarily storing the image data generated by the VDP, or the like. Note that image data used at the time of generating the image data by the VDP is in a game program which is read out from the memory card **53** and stored in the RAM **43**.

The bill validator 22 reads an image on a bill and takes only those recognized as genuine into the cabinet 11. When taking in a genuine bill, the bill validator 22 outputs an input signal indicating the value of the bill to the main CPU 41. The main CPU 41 stores into the RAM 43 a credit amount corresponding to the value of the bill indicated by the signal.

Based on a control signal from the main CPU **41**, the ticket printer **35** prints on a ticket a barcode and outputs the ticket as a barcoded ticket **39**. The barcode is encoded data containing the credit amount stored in the RAM **43**, date and time, and the identification number of the gaming terminal **10**.

The card reader 36 reads out data from the smart card and transmits the data to the main CPU 41. Further, the card reader 36 writes data into the smart card based on the control signal output from the main CPU 41. The key switch 38S is mounted to the keypad 38, and outputs a signal to the main CPU 41 in response to an operation of the keypad 38 by the player. The data displayer 37 displays, based on a control signal from the main CPU 41, the data read by the card reader 36 or the data input by the player through the keypad 38.

The door PCB 80 is connected to the control panel 20, a reverter 21S, a coin counter 21C, and a cold cathode tube 81. The control panel 20 is provided with: a spin switch 23S associated with the spin button 23; a change switch 24S associated with the change button 24; a cashout switch 25S

associated with the cashout button 25; a 1-bet switch 26S associated with the 1-bet button 26; and a maximum bet switch 27S associated with the maximum bet button 27. Each of the switches 23S to 27S outputs an input signal to the main CPU 41 when corresponding one of the buttons 23 to 27 is operated by a player.

The coin counter 21C is provided within the coin receiving slot 21, and identifies whether the coin inserted into the coin receiving slot 21 by the player is genuine. A coin except the genuine coin is discharged from the coin outlet 19. In addition, the coin counter 21C outputs an input signal to the main CPU 41 upon detection of a genuine coin.

The reverter 21S operates based on a control signal from the main CPU 41, and delivers coins that are recognized as genuine by the coin counter 21C into a not-shown cash box or hopper 66 in the gaming terminal 10. In other words, when the hopper 66 is full of the coins, the genuine coin is distributed into the cash box by the reverter 21S. On the other hand, when the hopper 66 is not yet full of the coins, the genuine coin is distributed into the hopper 66. The cold cathode tube 81 functions as a backlight mounted to rear sides of the terminal 20 image display panel 16 and the upper image display panel 33. This cold cathode tube 81 turns on according to a control signal from the main CPU 41.

In addition to the above, the main Body PCB 60 is connected to a motor drive control circuit 6035. The motor drive 25 control circuit 6035 controls the rotation of the vibration motor 6032 and the rotation motor 6033. The main Body PCB 60 is connected to the LED 6034. The main Body PCB 60 controls light emission from the LED 6034. Furthermore, the main Body PCB 60 is connected to the magnetic force detecting mechanism 6202. This magnetic force detecting mechanism 6202 detects, as described above, a magnetic force indicating a position of the lever body 6031 of the control lever 603 and sends a magnetic force signal to the main Body PCB 60.

(Electric Configuration of Center Controller 200)

FIG. 11 is a block diagram illustrating an electric configuration of the center controller 200. The center controller 200 is provided therein with a control unit. As illustrated in FIG. board 260, an actuator, or the like.

The gaming board 260 has the same structure as that of the gaming board 50. The motherboard 240 has the same structure as that of the motherboard 40. The communication unit 244 communicates with the terminal controller 630 through a 45 communication line.

The graphic board 268 has the same structure as that of the graphic board 68, except in that the graphic board 268 controls displaying of the upper display 700a based on a control signal from the main CPU 241. In other words, the graphic 50 board 268 functions as the display controller 701a. Furthermore, the graphic board 268 outputs a control signal to the graphic boards 269 and 270 controlling the upper displays 700b and 700c, via the communication unit 224, the hub 201, and the communication line. In other words, the graphic 55 boards 269 and 270 function as the display controllers 701band 701c.

(Basic Game)

Now, the basic game independently run by the gaming terminal 10 will be described. In the present embodiment, the 60 basic game is constituted by a base game and a bonus game. (Symbols, Combinations, and the Like)

The symbols 501, which are displayed on video reels 151 to 155 of the terminal image display panel 16 on which a basic game is displayed, form a symbol column. As shown in FIG. 65 12, the terminal image display panel 16 displays a display window 150 which is constituted by video reels 151 to 155.

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The display window 150 is constituted by 15 display blocks 28 of 5 columns and 3 rows. Each of the video reels 151 to 155 is therefore constituted by three display blocks 28. Each of the video reels 151 to 155 rearranges the symbols 501 in such a way that three display blocks 28 are moved (scrolled) downward while changing the speed and the vertically moved symbols 501 are then stopped.

At the left and right edges of the display window 150, payline occurrence columns are provided in a symmetrical manner on the left and right. The left payline occurrence column on the left side when viewed from the player has, as shown in FIG. 12, 19 payline occurrence parts 65L (65La, 65Lb, 65Lc, 65Ld, 65Le, 65Lf, 65Lg, 65Lh, 65Li, 65Lj, 65Lk, 65Ll, 65Lm, 65Ln, 65Lo, 65Lp, 65Lq, 65Lr, and

The right payline occurrence column on the right side when viewed from the player has 19 payline occurrence parts 65R (65Ra, 65Rb, 65Rc, 65Rd, 65Re, 65Rf, 65Rg, 65Rh, 65Ri, 65Rj, 65Rk, 65Rl, 65Rm, 65Rn, 65Ro, 65Rp, 65Rq, **65**Rr, and **65**Rs).

The left payline occurrence parts 65L form pairs with the respective right payline occurrence parts 65R. From the left payline occurrence parts 65L to the right payline occurrence parts paired with the left payline occurrence parts 65L, paylines L are defined in advance. Note that, although FIG. 13 only shows one payline L for the sake of simplicity, there are ten paylines L in the present embodiment.

A payline L is activated when left and right payline occurrence parts 65L and 65R are connected with each other. In other cases, the paylines are inactive. The number of activated paylines L is determined based on a bet amount. When the bet amount is maximum, i.e., MAXBET, the maximum number of, i.e. 10 paylines are activated. An activated payline L allows the symbols 501 to establish various types of winning combinations. Details of the winning combinations will be described later.

The present embodiment presupposes that the gaming ter-11, the control unit includes a motherboard 240, a gaming 40 minal 10 is a so-called video slot machine. The gaming terminal 10 of the present invention, however, may use so-called mechanical reels as some of the video reels 151 to 155.

> As shown in FIG. 13, one of code numbers 0 to 19 or more is assigned to each of the symbols 501 constituting each symbol column. Each symbol column is a combination of symbols 501 which are "specific symbol 510", "A", "Q", "J", "K", "Angelfish", "Clownfish", "Tuna", and "Coelacanth".

> Three successive symbols 501 in each of the symbol columns are, as shown in FIG. 13, respectively displayed (arranged) on an upper stage, a central stage, and a lower stage of each of the display region of each of the video reels 151 to 155, to form a symbol matrix of five columns and three rows on the display windows 150. When at least the start button 23 is pressed or the control lever 603 is pressed or moved to start a game, the symbols 501 forming a symbol matrix start scrolling. This scrolling of the symbols 501 stops (rearrangement) after a predetermined period elapses from the beginning of the scrolling (rearrangement).

> Various kinds of winning combinations are set in advance for each symbol 501. The term "winning combination" indicates that a winning is established. A winning combination is a combination of stopped symbols 501 on the payline L which puts the player in an advantageous state. Examples of an advantageous state include: a state where coins according to a winning combination is paid out, a state where the number of coins to be paid out is added to a credit, a state where a bonus game is started.

A winning combinations in the present embodiment is established when a predetermined number or more of the symbols **501** of at least one type, namely "A", "Q", "J", "K", "BAT", "Angelfish", "Clownfish", "Tuna", or "Coelacanth", are rearranged on an activated payline L. When a predetermined type of symbols **501** is set as scatter symbols, a winning combination is established when a predetermined number or more of scattered symbols are rearranged, no matter whether a payline L is active.

For example, in a base game, when "BAT" symbols **501** forms a winning combination on a payline L, coins (values) calculated by multiplying the basic payout amount of "BAT" by the bet amount.

(Symbol Table)

FIG. 14 shows a symbol table which is used for determining which symbols 501 are targets of rearrangement in a base game. In the symbol table, symbols 501 on the display blocks 28 in each symbol column are associated with code numbers, and 20 numerical ranges defined by dividing a numerical 20 range of 0 to 65535 by 20 are associated with the respective code numbers.

The numerical range of 0 to 65535 may be equally or unequally divided. When unequally divided, it is possible to adjust the probabilities of wining for the respective types of 25 the symbols 501 by determining the ranges of the random numbers. In this regard, the range corresponding to the specific symbol 510 may be arranged to be narrower than the ranges of the other types of the symbols 501. In this case, results of games can be easily adjusted in accordance of the 30 progress of the games, by arranging valuable types of the symbols 501 to be less likely to be won.

For example, when a random number randomly selected for the first column is "10000", the symbol "J" having the code number 3 associated with the random number range 35 including the selected random number is chosen as the target of rearrangement on the video reel 151 of the first column. On the other hand, when, for example, a random number for the fourth column is "40000", the specific symbol 510 having the code number 12 associated with the random number range 40 including the selected random number is chosen as the target of rearrangement on the video reel 151 of the fourth column.

(Basic Game: Base Game Screen)

FIG. 12 shows an example of a base game screen which is a display screen in case of base game on the terminal image 45 display panel 16.

More specifically, the base game screen has a display window 150 which is provided at the central portion and has 5 columns of video reels 151 to 155 and payline occurrence parts 65L and 65R which is symmetrically provided to the left 50 and right of the display window 150. On the base game screen shown in FIG. 13, the video reels 151, 152, and 153 of the first to third columns are stopped whereas the video reels 154 and 155 of the fourth and fifth columns are scrolling.

At the upper parts of the terminal image display panel 16, 55 a credit amount display unit 400 and a bet amount display unit 401 are provided on the left whereas a payout display unit 402 is provided on the right.

The credit amount display unit **400** displays credit amounts. The bet amount display unit **401** displays a bet 60 amount on the currently-running unit game. The payout display unit **402** display the number of coins to be paid out when a winning combination is established.

In the meanwhile, below the display window **150**, a help button **410**, a pay-table button **411**, and a unit-of-betting 65 display unit **412** are provided. These sections **410**, **411**, and **412** are provided in this order from left to right for the player.

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The help button **410** is pushed by the player so that a help mode is executed. The help mode is a mode for providing information to solve player's questions concerning games. The pay-table button **411** is pushed by the player so that a payout display mode for displaying the details of a payout is executed. The payout display mode is a mode for displaying an explanation screen explaining a relation between a winning combination and a payout rate for the player.

The unit-of-betting display unit **412** displays a current bet unit (payout unit). The unit-of-betting display unit **412** therefore allows the player to recognize that, for example, the unit of betting is one cent.

Above the display window 150 is provided a payout rate display unit 403. The payout rate display unit 403 is displayed when the player is qualified to participate in a common game, and is not displayed when the player is not qualified. That is to say, when a common game starts, the player can participate in the common game if the payout rate display unit 403 is displayed. T payout rate display unit 403 displays a payout rate by which a unit payout amount obtained in a common game is multiplied.

Now, the payout rate indicating that the player is qualified will be described. A qualification is awarded to a gaming terminal 10 as a time during which the player is allowed to participate in a common game (i.e., common game qualification time), in response to betting on a base game. Regarding the awarded common game qualification time, a payout rate corresponding to each unit time (1 second in the present embodiment) is determined in advance in the base game qualification time awarding table.

(Base Game Qualification Time Awarding Table)

FIG. 15 shows a base game qualification time awarding table which is referred to when a common game qualification time is awarded in a base game. The base game qualification time awarding table is stored in the RAM 243 of the center controller 200. In the base game qualification time awarding table, a common game qualification time awarded in a base game and a payout rate are determined for each of the number of paylines L activated in accordance with a bet amount.

For example, when the number of activated paylines L corresponding to the betting on a base game is one, six seconds are awarded as the common game qualification time. The payout rate is therefore one for six seconds of the common game qualification time. For example, when the number of activated paylines L corresponding to the betting on a base game is one, eight seconds are awarded as the common game qualification time. The payout rate is one for one second, two for one second, three for one second, and four for one second of the common game qualification time, and is five for four seconds of the common game qualification time. As such, the number of activated paylines increases as the bet amount increases in a base game, and an awarded common game qualification time and a payout rate also increase. It is noted that the maximum payout rate in the present embodiment is ten.

(Common Game Qualification Time Management Table)

The common game qualification times of the respective gaming terminals 10 are managed by a common game qualification time management table which is temporarily stored in the RAM 243. FIG. 16 shows a common game qualification time management table which is updated when a common game qualification time is awarded. In the common game qualification time management table, an awarded common game qualification time and a payout rate are accumulatively stored for each gaming terminal 10.

For example, the common game qualification time of the gaming terminal **10***a* is six seconds for the payout rate of one,

12 seconds for the payout rate of two, 18 seconds for the payout rate of three, and six seconds for the payout rate of four. When the gaming terminal **10***a* with this arrangement participates in a common game and a unit payout amount is awarded, the payout is calculated by multiplying the unit 5 payout amount by the highest payout rate, i.e. four. The payout rate display unit **40**3 of the gaming terminal **10***a* therefore displays "4×" which indicates that the payout rate is four.

It is noted that, from the common game qualification time corresponding to the highest payout rate, a unit time is subtracted each time a predetermined time (one second in the present embodiment) elapses. Therefore, when no common game qualification time is awarded to the gaming terminal 10a within the first six seconds corresponding to the payout rate of four, the maximum payout rate becomes three.

(Maximum Qualification Time Table)

In addition to the above, the upper limit of the common game qualification time that the gaming terminal ${\bf 10}$ can accumulatively store is defined in the maximum qualification time table in advance. The maximum qualification time table is stored in the RAM ${\bf 243}$ of the center controller ${\bf 200}$. As shown in FIG. ${\bf 17}$, in the maximum qualification time table, a payout rate N is associated with the upper limit ${\bf X}_N$ of the accumulation of the common game qualification times of the payout rate N or higher.

More specifically, the upper limit of the accumulation is set for the payout rate of one. In other words, the total sum of the common game qualification times is set to be 45 seconds or shorter. The upper limit is not limited to this. For example, the upper limit may be 60 seconds.

(Accumulation Calculation Table)

When a common game qualification time is awarded, with reference to the above-described maximum qualification time table, a calculation for updating the common game qualification time management table is carried out by using the accumulation calculation table. The accumulation calculation table is stored in the RAM 243 of the center controller 200. As shown in FIG. 18, the accumulation calculation table stores the following matters for each payout rate. That is to say, "before-awarded common game qualification time" of the 40 common game qualification time management table, "to-beawarded common game qualification time" of the base game qualification time awarding table in accordance with an activated payline, "awarded common game qualification time" calculated by adding the before-awarded common game 45 qualification time to the to-be-awarded common game qualification time, "accumulation Y_N of awarded common game qualification time" of a payout rate of N or higher, "accumulation upper limit X_N of qualification times" of payout rate of N or higher set in the maximum qualification time table, 50 "calculated accumulation Y_N ", and new "common game qualification time Z_N " updating the common game qualification time management table.

For example, when a bet is made so that the before-awarded common game qualification time is 0 second for the 55 payout rate of five or more, six seconds for the payout rate of four, 18 seconds for the payout rate of three, 12 seconds for the payout rate of one, and the number of paylines L is three, in the common game qualification time one second is added to the time for 60 the payout rate of four, 18 seconds are added to three, 12 seconds are added for two, and six seconds are added for one. In this case, the awarded common game qualification time is arranged so that seven seconds for the payout rate of four, 21 seconds for three, 14 seconds for two, and seven seconds for one. As a result, the accumulation Y_N of the qualification times of N or higher is arranged so that seven seconds for the

payout rate of four or higher, 21 seconds for three or higher, 42 seconds for two or higher, and 49 seconds for one or higher.

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However, the maximum qualification time table defines the upper limits to be 42 seconds for the payout rate of four or higher, 43 seconds for three or higher, 44 seconds for two or higher, and 45 seconds for one or higher, and hence "49 seconds" which are for the payout rate of one or higher exceed the upper limit X_N . For this reason, the upper limit, i.e. 45 seconds are chosen as accumulated time for one or higher, and the difference, i.e. four seconds, is added to the accumulated time for two. As a result, the accumulated time for two becomes 46 seconds, the upper limit, i.e. 44 seconds are chosen as accumulated time for two and the difference, i.e. two seconds, is added to the accumulated time for three. As a result, the accumulated time for three becomes 30 seconds. This time is shorter than the upper limit for three, i.e. 43 seconds, and hence the accumulated time for three is determined to be 30 seconds. Furthermore, the accumulated time for four is seven seconds. Since this is shorter than the upper limit for four, i.e. 42 seconds, the accumulated time for four is determined to be seven seconds. In summary, when Y_N is higher than X_N , calculations of $Y_N = X_N$ and $Y_{N+1} = Y_{N+1} + Y_N - Y_N = Y_N + Y_N +$ X_N are repeated from the lowest payout rate.

Then the common game qualification time Z_N is calculated from $Y_N - Y_{N+1}$, and the common game qualification time management table is updated with the result of this calculation

With such accumulation calculations, it is possible to keep the accumulation of the multiplication of the common game qualification time by the payout rate is unchanged before and after the accumulation calculations.

(Basic Game: Bonus Game Screen)

FIG. 19 shows an example of a base game screen on the terminal image display panel 16, when the start of an independent special game which is a bonus game is determined. On the base game screen shown in FIG. 19, the video reels 151, 152, and 153 of the first to third columns are stopped whereas the video reels 154 and 155 of the fourth and fifth columns are scrolling. The specific symbols 510 are rearranged in the central stage of the second column and in the central stage of the third column, and hence an independent special game which is a bonus game starts if another specific symbol 510 is rearranged in the fourth or fifth column on the same payline. In short, there is a possibility of the start of an independent special game. In the present embodiment, when there is a possibility of achieving an advantageous gaming state as in this case, as shown in FIG. 19, the specific symbols 510 which have already rearranged are switched to three dimensional display. That is to say, no matter whether an independent special game is started, the specific symbols 510 are switched to three dimensional display when the display state indicates a possibility of achieving an advantageous gaming state. It is noted that three dimensional images are

FIG. 20 shows an example of a base game screen on the terminal image display panel 16, when the start of an independent special game which is a bonus game is determined. In the base game screen shown in FIG. 20, all of the video reels 151 to 155 in the first to fifth columns are stopped, and three symbols 501 of "specific symbol 510" are stopped at the central stages of the video reels 152 to 154 of the second to fourth columns. This triggers the start of an independent special game which is independently run by the gaming terminal 10. The stop mode of the specific symbols 510 triggering an independent special game is not limited to this. The trigger may be a predetermined number or more of "specific

symbols **510**" on one of the paylines L. Furthermore, the "specific symbols **510**" may not be stopped on a payline. For example, a game may be triggered on condition that a predetermined number or more of specific symbols **510** are provided on any display blocks **28**, based on the scatter symbol 5 method.

FIG. 21 shows an example of the display screen on the terminal image display panel 16 at the start of an independent special game. In FIG. 21, the character string "independent fishing feature" which is the title of the independent special game in the present embodiment is shown in a game title area (signboard image) 450 at the center of the terminal image display panel 16. The game title area 450 indicates that an advantageous gaming state will start, and is displayed in three dimensions. Though not illustrated, this area may be displayed at the start of a later-described common game.

FIG. 22 illustrates the display states on the terminal image display panel 16 and the upper display 700 during the independent special game. During the independent special game, 20 the terminal image display panel 16 displays a lookup display unit 404. As shown in FIG. 22, the lookup display unit 404 is displayed at the central part of the terminal image display panel 16, notifying the player that the terminal image display panel 16 is not used in the independent special game and the 25 player is instructed to see the upper display 700.

In the present embodiment, the common game qualification time is awarded as soon as the independent special game is started. The common game qualification time awarded at the start of the independent special game is different from 30 those defined in the base game qualification time awarding table (FIG. 15), the table used in this case is an independent special game qualification time awarding table shown in FIG. 23. According to the independent special game qualification time awarding table, the awarded common game qualification time is shortened but the payout rate is increased, as the number of activated paylines L is increased.

FIG. 24 illustrates a display state on the upper display 700 during an independent special game. The upper display 700 constituted by three upper displays 700a, 700b, and 700c is 40 arranged to display a single common effect display screen. The common effect display screen is constituted by gaming terminal area 703a to 703f corresponding to the six gaming terminals 10a to 10f, respectively.

In FIG. **24**, the gaming terminal 10c is running an independent special game, and the terminal image display panel 16 of the gaming terminal 10c is displaying the lookup display unit 404. In the independent special game, the gaming terminal area 703c corresponding to the gaming terminal 10c displays an individual image 710 for the independent special game.

More specifically, the individual image 710 includes a fisherman image 711, a fishhook image 712, a fishing bait image 713, and a fish image 714. The fisherman image 711 is displayed at an upper part of each of the gaming terminal areas 702a to 700f. The fisherman image 711 is different in 55 each gaming terminal 10, to make it possible to understand how the gaming terminals 10 correspond to the respective gaming terminal areas 703a to 703 on the common effect display screen.

The fishhook image 712 is displayed substantially at the 60 center of each of the gaming terminal areas 703a to 703f running an independent special game. The fishhook image 712 is displayed with a display pattern in accordance with the changes in the lever body 6031 of the control lever 603. The fishing bait image 713 is displayed at the lower end portion of 65 the fishhook image 712. The fishing bait image 713 is enlarged when a bonus corresponding to a predetermined unit

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payout amount (3000 in the present embodiment) or higher is won in an independent special game.

The fish image 714 corresponds to a bonus awarded in a bonus game. The fish image 714 indicates, by the size of the fish, a unit payout amount in a bonus game, and also the unit payout amount is indicated by a number. In the gaming terminal area 703 in which an independent special game is run, a plurality of fish images 714 are displayed and these fish images 714 approach the fishing bait image 713 or swim beside the fishing bait image 713.

(Bonus Type Table)

Now, referring to a bonus type table shown in FIG. 25, bonuses corresponding to fish images 714 will be described. The bonus type table stores bonus types, unit payout amounts, and ranks in association with one another. It is noted that the bonus type table is stored in both the RAM 43 of the gaming terminal 10 and the RAM 243 of the center controller 200.

For example, "Blue Marlin" corresponds to the unit payout amount of 10000 and is ranked at number one. Therefore, when the Blue Marlin is displayed on the gaming terminal area 703 as a fish image 714, the number "10000" is displayed with the fish image. Furthermore, when the unit payout amount is not lower than the predetermined amount (3000), the fishing bait image 713 is enlarged when the Blue Marlin is won.

(Independent Special Game Probability Table)

The payout amount of the independent special game is determined based on an independent special game probability table shown in FIG. 26. Though not illustrated, plural types of independent special game probability tables are stored, and which table is used is determined based on the number of paylines L activated at the start of the independent special game. In the independent special game probability table, random number ranges defined by dividing the numerical range of 0 to 65535 are associated with winning bonus types. In the winning bonus type, at least one bonus is stored. For example, when a random number is 250, the winning bonus types to be awarded are Wahoo, Black Seabass, and Halibut.

FIG. 27 shows an example of a winning screen displayed in an independent special game. On the winning screen, a display pattern in which a fisherman image 711 catches a fish image 714 is displayed. In this display pattern, at least one of the individual images 710 such as the fisherman image 711 and the fish image 714 is displayed in three dimensions. That is to say, the display pattern in which the fisherman image 711 is catching the fish image 714 indicates the shift to an advantageous gaming state of winning a bonus type corresponding to the fish image 714. It is noted that a similar display pattern in the common game or the like is also displayed in three dimensions. On the winning screen, moreover, a total display unit 715 is displayed at an upper part of the gaming terminal area 703. The total display unit 715 displays a total sum of bonuses having been won. The number displayed on the total display unit 715 in the end is the total amount of bonuses to be awarded. It is noted that the caught fish images 714 are displayed with sizes corresponding to the ranks defined in the bonus type table shown in FIG. 25. More specifically, a bonus type having a high rank is associated with a large unit payout amount, and the size of the caught fish image 714 is large.

In addition to the above, a mystery bonus is executed as a bonus game. The mystery bonus is not generated on condition that a predetermined number or more of specific symbols **510** are stopped as in the independent special game. The mystery bonus randomly starts when the specific symbol **510** is not stopped at the video reel **153** of the third column.

The random determination of the start of the mystery bonus is conducted based on a mystery bonus start random determi-

nation table shown in FIG. 28. In the mystery bonus start random determination table, random number ranges corresponding to "occurrence of mystery bonus", "effect only", and "non-occurrence of mystery bonus" are determined for each number of activated paylines L.

For example, when the number of paylines L is three and the determined random number is "2", an effect of mystery bonus is conducted and the mystery bonus is awarded as a payout. When the number of paylines L is three and the determined random number is "5", only an effect of mystery bonus is conducted. When the number of paylines L is three and the determined random number is "15", nothing is conducted and the base game is continued.

When the mystery bonus occurs, a bonus to be won is determined with reference to a mystery bonus probability table shown in FIG. **29**. Though not illustrated, plural types of mystery bonus probability tables are stored, and the table to be used is determined in accordance with the number of paylines L activated when the mystery bonus starts. In the 20 mystery bonus probability table, random number ranges defined by dividing a numerical range of 0 to 5000 are associated with winning bonus types. In the winning bonus type, one or more bonus is stored.

Whether the mystery bonus is started is determined with 25 reference to the mystery bonus start random determination table and "occurrence" or "only effect" is selected, a mystery bonus effect screen shown in FIG. 27 is displayed. On the mystery bonus effect screen, a ground bait image 716 falling from an upper part to a lower part is displayed in the gaming 30 terminal area 703 corresponding to the gaming terminal 10 which has been selected to display an effect screen. At the same time, in a similar manner as the independent special game, the terminal image display panel 16 displays a lookup display unit 404 shown in FIG. 22. Thereafter, if "occurrence" has been selected, a winning screen shown in FIG. 27 is displayed and the mystery bonus is finished.

Note that, when the condition to start a common game is established while the above-described independent special game and mystery bonus are being executed, the common 40 game starts after the effect display, awarding of payout or the like of the independent special game and the mystery bonus are finished.

(Common Game)

Now, a common game run by a plurality of gaming terminals 10 in synchronization with one another will be described. In regard to a common game, random determination as to whether to start a common game is conducted at predetermined intervals (one second in the present embodiment), with reference to a common game start random determination 50 table shown in FIG. 31.

(Common Game Start Random Determination Table)

As shown in FIG. 31, the common game start random determination table defines random number ranges corresponding to "occurrence of common game", "effect only", 55 and "non-occurrence of common game", respectively. For example, when the determined random number is "1", a common game starts after an effect of the start of the common game. When the determined random number is "3", only the effect of the start of the common game is executed. When the determined random number is "15", nothing is carried out and the base game is continued.

When the common game starts, which one of common games is to be run is determined with reference to a common game type random determination table shown in FIG. 32. 65 More specifically, one of the following common games is randomly selected: a first common game; a second common

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game; a third common game; first common game+third common game; and second common game+third common game.

(Common Game: Common Game Start Effect Image)

After which one of the common games is to be run is determined, a common game start effect image corresponding to that common game is displayed. The common game start effect image is stored in the RAM 243 of the center controller 200. As shown in FIG. 33, the same common game start effect image is displayed on the upper display 700 and the terminal image display panel 16 of each of the six gaming terminals 10.

FIG. 33 shows the display states on the upper display 700 and the terminal image display panel 16 when the first common game starts. More specifically, the upper display 700 displays a game start effect image in which a fish school image 720 showing many fishes of plural types passing from left to right is displayed. On the upper display 700, furthermore, a fish school image 721 identical with those displayed on the respective gaming terminal areas 703a to 703f is displayed on the terminal image display panel 16 of each of the gaming terminals 10a to 10f. It is noted that the fish school images 720 and 721 are displayed in three dimensions.

For example, the game start effect image is divided to sets of data corresponding to the six gaming terminal areas 703, respectively. The center controller 200 distributes these sets of data to the respective gaming terminals 10, thereby allowing the upper display 700 and the terminal image display panels 16 to display the game start effect image in the same manner.

As such, the fish school images 720 and 721 which are game start effect images indicate the shift to a common game which is an advantageous gaming state, and hence they are displayed in three dimensions.

(Common Game: First Common Game Screen)

Now, each common game will be described. FIG. 34 illustrates the display state on the upper display 700 during the first common game. The upper display 700 constituted by three upper displays 700a, 700b, and 700c is arranged to display a single common effect display screen. The common effect display screen is constituted by gaming terminal area 703a to 703f corresponding to the six gaming terminals 10a to 10f, respectively.

In FIG. 34, all gaming terminals 10 are running the common game, and the terminal image display panels 16 of all gaming terminals 10 display the lookup display unit 404. In the first common game, the gaming terminal area 703 corresponding to each gaming terminal 10 participating in the first common game displays the lookup display unit 404 in a similar manner as the individual image 710 for the independent special game. More specifically, the gaming terminal area 703 corresponding to each gaming terminal 10 participating in the common game displays an individual image 710 including a fisherman image 711, a fishhook image 712, a fishing bait image 713, a fish image 714, and a total display unit 715.

The fishing bait image 713 is enlarged when a bonus corresponding to a predetermined unit payout amount (3000 in the present embodiment) or higher is won in an independent special game, as in the independent special game. For example, in FIG. 34, the bait image 713 in the gaming terminal area 703d is enlarged because the gaming terminal 10d has won a unit payout amount of 10000.

The first common game screen further displays a count display unit 720. This count display unit 720 displays a remaining time of the first common game. When the time indicated by the count display unit 720 reaches 0, a payout

calculated by multiplying the payout amount shown in the total display unit **715** by the payout rate at the start of the first common game is awarded.

When the time indicated by the count display unit 720 reaches 0, furthermore, the rank of the gaming terminal 10 is determined based on the sum total of the unit payout amounts of the awarded bonuses. The first to third ranks are determined in the present embodiment, and a payout corresponding to the rank is awarded to each of the first-ranked, second-ranked, and third-ranked gaming terminals 10. FIG. 35 idisplays a first common game ranking determination screen in which the gaming terminal 10d is ranked first as having the total unit payout amounts of 10750. In the first common game ranking determination screen, a ranking image 722 indicating the rank is displayed below the fisherman image 711 and a payout amount image 721 indicating the payout corresponding to the rank is displayed above the fisherman image 711, for awarding the payout.

It is noted that the payout amount image **721** and the ranking image **722** are displayed in three dimensions. This is 20 because the payout amount image **721** and the ranking image **722** are effect images indicating that a payout will be awarded, i.e., indicating an advantageous gaming state of receiving a payout.

As shown in FIG. 36, after the first common game ranking determination screen shown in FIG. 35 is displayed, a character string ("Congratulations!!") congratulating the player is displayed in three dimensions at the central part of a result display area (signboard image) 451 of the gaming terminal area 703 corresponding to the gaming terminal to which a predetermined amount or more (e.g., 10000 or more) of the payout is to be awarded as a result. In other words, the result display area 451 indicates that a gaming state which is advantageous for a predetermined degree or more is established. The display state in the result display area 451 is not limited to the above. For example, an effect image showing coins are flushed out upward may be displayed in three dimensions.

(First Common Game Probability Table)

The determination of the payout amount of the first common game is carried out with reference to a first common 40 game probability table shown in FIG. 37. Though not illustrated, a plurality of first common game probability tables are stored, and the number thereof is arranged to be identical with the number of gaming terminals 10. A different first common game probability table is associated with each gaming terminal 10. In the first common game probability table, random number ranges defined by dividing a numerical range of 0 to 65535 are associated with winning bonus types. In the winning bonus type, at least three bonuses are stored. For example, when the determined random number is 30, the 50 winning bonus types to be awarded are Yellow Fin Tuna, Wahoo, Halibut, and Halibut.

The winning screen of the first common game is identical with the winning screen displayed on the gaming terminal area **703** c shown in FIG. **27** and is displayed on the gaming 55 terminal area **703** corresponding to each gaming terminal **10** participating in the first common game. That is to say, when a random number selected from the first common game probability table shown in FIG. **32** is 37, winning screens of catching a Yellow Fin Tuna, a Wahoo, a Halibut, and a Halibut 60 are serially displayed.

(Common Game: Second Common Game Screen)

FIG. 38 illustrates the display state on the upper display 700 during the second common game. In FIG. 38, the gaming terminals 10 except the gaming terminal 10e are running the 65 common game, and the terminal image display panel 16 of the gaming terminals 10 except that of the gaming terminal 10e

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displays the lookup display unit 404. In the second common game, a fisherman image 711 and a count display unit 720 similar to those in the first common game are displayed, and also a fish school image 721 is displayed on the gaming terminal areas 702 corresponding to all gaming terminals 10.

When the time indicated by the count display unit 720 reaches 0, furthermore, the rank of the gaming terminal 10 is determined based on the sum total of the awarded winnings. In the second common game, the center controller 200 conducts winning determination with a predetermined winning probability for a predetermined number of times for each gaming terminal 10, and the number of these winnings is determined as the number of obtained winnings. The first to third ranks are determined in the present embodiment, and a payout corresponding to the rank is awarded to each of the first-ranked, second-ranked, and third-ranked gaming terminals 10. FIG. 39 shows a second common game ranking determination screen. In the case of FIG. 39, the gaming terminal 10c is ranked first with six winnings in total. The gaming terminal 10d is ranked third with four winnings in total. On the second common game ranking determination screen, a ranking image 732 indicating the rank, the number of obtained winnings, and an obtained payout amount is displayed below the fisherman image 711.

In other words, the ranking image 732 is an effect image indicating that a payout will be awarded, i.e., an advantageous gaming state that a payout will be awarded. The ranking image 732 is displayed in three dimensions in the same manner as the ranking image 722 in the first common game.

(Common Game: Third Common Game Screen)

When the third common game is run after the first common game or the second common game, a third common game start effect screen shown in FIG. 40 is displayed. As shown in FIG. 40, the third common game start effect screen displays a large fish image 733. Thereafter, the third common game starts. That is to say, the large fish image 733 indicating the shift to the third common game which is a gaming state more advantageous than the base game, and is therefore displayed in three dimensions.

FIG. 41 illustrates the display state on the upper display 700 during the first common game. In FIG. 41, all gaming terminals 10 are running the common game, and the terminal image display panels 16 of all gaming terminals 10 display the lookup display unit 404. In the first common game, the gaming terminal area 703 corresponding to each gaming terminal 10 participating in the first common game displays the lookup display unit 404 in a similar manner as the individual image 710 for the independent special game. More specifically, gaming terminal area 703 corresponding to each gaming terminal 10 participating in the common game displays an individual image 710 including a fisherman image 711, a fishhook image 712, a large fish image 740, a prawn image 741, and a total display unit 715.

The prawn image 741 is displayed instead of the fishing bait image 713 of the first common game, and shows a numerical value image corresponding to the size of the prawn image 741. In the present embodiment, the prawn image 741 is associated with one of the numerical values of "90", "60", and "30". When no winning is obtained in the third common game, a unit payout amount to be awarded is equal to the numerical value shown on the prawn image 741.

Furthermore, in the third common game is displayed a large fish image **740**. The number of the large fish images **740** displayed in all gaming terminal areas **703** is smaller than the number of gaming terminals **10**. In the gaming terminal area

703 corresponding to each gaming terminal 10 having obtained a winning, a winning image shown in FIG. 27 is displayed.

(Third Common Game Probability Table)

The determination of the payout amount of the third common game is carried out with reference to a third common game probability table shown in FIG. 42. Though not illustrated, a plurality of third common game probability tables are stored, and the number thereof is arranged to be identical with the number of gaming terminals 10. A different third common game probability table is associated with each gaming terminal 10. In the third common game probability table, random number ranges defined by dividing a numerical range of 0 to 399 are associated with winning bonus types. In the winning bonus type, one or more bonus is stored. For example, when the determined random number is 10, the winning bonus type to be awarded is Blue Marlin. However, when a bonus that a terminal 10 wins has already been awarded to another gaming terminal 10, no payout is awarded even if the terminal wins the bonus.

As described above, when the third common game is run after the first common game or the second common game, i.e., when the first common game or the second common game evolves into the third common game, bonus payouts of the both games are obtainable.

(Cooperation of Control Lever 603 and Individual Image 710)

In the bonus game and common game above, the movement pattern of the control lever 603 and the display pattern of the individual image 710 are cooperated with each other. The 30 movement pattern of the control lever 603 is stored in a movement pattern table which is in the RAM 43 of the gaming terminal 10. In the meanwhile, the display pattern of the individual image 710 is stored in a display pattern table which is in the RAM 243 of the center controller 200. As shown in 35 FIG. 43 and FIG. 44, a movement pattern and a display pattern are associated with a single set of identification information. As a set of identification information is selected in accordance with the situation, the control lever 603 is moved based on the movement pattern associated with the selected 40 set of identification information and the individual image 710 is displayed based on the display pattern associated with the selected set of identification information.

(Operation of Gaming Machine 300: Boot Process)

The following describes a boot process routine which takes 45 place in the gaming machine 300. Upon powering on the gaming machine 300, a boot process routine illustrated in FIG. 45 starts in: the motherboard 240 and gaming board 260 in the center controller 200, and in the motherboard 40 and the gaming board 50 in the terminal controller 630. The memory 50 cards 53 and 263 are assumed to be inserted into the card slots 53S and 263S of the gaming boards 50 and 260, respectively. Further, the GAL 54 and 264 are assumed to be attached to the IC socket 54S and 264S, respectively.

power supply units 45 and 245 boots the motherboards 40 and 240, and the gaming boards 50 and 260. Booting the motherboards 40 and 240 and the gaming boards 50 and 260 starts separate processes in parallel. Specifically, in the gaming boards 50 and 260, the CPUs 51 and 261 read out preliminary 60 authentication programs stored in the boot ROMs 52 and 262, respectively. Then, preliminary authentication is performed according to the read out programs so as to confirm and verify that no falsification is made to authentication programs, before reading them in the motherboards 40 and 240, respec- 65 tively (S21). Meanwhile, the main CPUs 41 and 241 of the motherboards 40 and 240 run BIOS stored in the ROMs 42

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and 242 to load into the RAMs 43 and 243 compressed data built in the BIOS, respectively (S22). Then, the main CPUs 41 and 241 run a procedure of the BIOS according to the data loaded into the RAMs 43 and 243 so as to diagnose and initialize various peripheral devices (S23).

The main CPUs 41 and 241, which are respectively connected to the ROMs 55 and 265 of the gaming boards 50 and 260 via PCI buses, read out authentication programs stored in the ROMs 55 and 265 and stores them in the RAMs 43 and 243 (S24). During this step, the main CPUs 41 and 241 each derives a checksum through ADDSUM method (a standard check function) which is adopted in a standard BIOS, and store the authentication programs into RAMs 43 and 243 while confirming if the operation of storing is carried out without an error.

Next, the main CPUs 41 and 241 each checks what connects to the IDE bus. Then, the main CPUs 41 and 241 access, via the IDE buses, to the memory cards 53 and 263 inserted into the card slots 53S and 263S, and read out game programs 20 and game system programs from the memory cards 53 and 263, respectively. In this case, the main CPUs 41 and 241 each reads out four bytes of data constituting the game program and the game system program at one time. Next, the main CPUs 41 and 241 authenticate the game program and the game system program read out to confirm and verify that these programs are not falsified, using the authentication program stored in RAMs 43 and 243 (S25).

When the authentication properly ends, the main CPUs 41 and 241 write and store the authenticated game programs and game system programs in RAMs 43 and 243 (S26).

Next, the main CPUs 41 and 241 access, via the PCI buses, to the GALs 54 and 264 attached to the IC sockets 54S and 264S, and read out payout ratio setting data from the GALs 54 and 264, respectively. The payout ratio setting data read out is then written and stored in the RAMs 43 and 243 (S27).

Next, the main CPUs 41 and 241 read out, via the PCI buses, country identification information stored in the ROMs 55 and 265 of the gaming boards 50 and 260, respectively. The country identification information read out is then stored in the RAMs 43 and 243 (S28).

After this, the main CPUs 41 and 241 each perform an initial process of FIG. 46.

(Operation of Gaming Machine 300: Initial Process)

The following describes an initial process which takes place in the gaming machine 300. When the boot process of FIG. 45 is completed, the center controller 200 reads out from the RAM 243 a center-side initial setting routine shown in FIG. 46 and executes the routine. Meanwhile, when the boot process of FIG. 45 is completed, the gaming terminal 10 reads out from the RAM 43 a terminal side initial setting routine shown in FIG. 46 and executes the routine. The center-side and terminal side initial setting routines are executed in par-

First, the main CPU 41 of each of the gaming terminals 10 First, turning on the power switch of (powering on) the 55 checks operations of work memories such as the RAM 43, various sensors, various driving mechanisms, and various decorative illuminations (A1). For example, to check the operation of the driving mechanism, a process is executed such that the lever body 6031 of the control lever 603 is rotated from the start position to the end position while the detected magnetic forces at the respective positions are detected, and then the lever position determining table in the RAM 43 is updated. Then, the main CPU 41 determines if all the check results are normal (A2) If the main CPU 41 determines that the check results contains an error (A2: NO), the main CPU 41 outputs a signal notifying the error (hereinafter, error signal) to the center controller 200 (A3). Further, the

main CPU 41 reports the error in the form of illuminating the lamp 30 or the like (A4), and then ends the routine.

On the other hand in A2, if the main CPU 41 determines that all the check results are normal (A2: YES), an initial setting signal is output to the center controller 200 (A5). Then, the supply of an initial setting signal from the center controller 200 is waited for (A6, A7: NO).

The main CPU **241** of the center controller **200** receives signals from each of the terminals (B1). Then, the main CPU **241** determines whether a signal received is an error signal (B2) If the main CPU **241** determines that the signal is an error signal (B2: YES), the main CPU **241** outputs the error signal to a server of an unillustrated host computer or the like (B9) to report the error (B10), and ends the routine.

On the other hand in B2, if the main CPU 241 determines that the signal is not an error signal (B2: NO), the main CPU **241** determines whether a predetermined time (check time) has elapsed from the time of powering on (B3). If the main CPU **241** determines that the check time has elapsed (B3: 20 YES), B9 is executed. On the other hand, if the main CPU 241 determines that the check time has not yet elapsed (B3: NO), it is determined whether an initial setting signal is received from each of the gaming terminals 10 (B4). If the main CPU 241 determines that an initial setting signal from any one of 25 the gaming terminals 10 is not received (B4: NO), the process returns to B1. On the other hand, if it is determined that initial setting signals from all the gaming terminals 10 are received (B4: YES), the main CPU 241 checks operations of work memories such as RAM 243 or the like, various sensors, various driving mechanisms, and various decorative illuminations (B5). Then, the main CPU 41 determines if all the check results are normal (A2). If the main CPU 241 determines the check results contain an error (B6: NO), the main 35 CPU 241 executes B9.

On the other hand in B6, if the main CPU **241** determines that all the check results are normal (B6: YES), the main CPU **241** outputs an initial setting signal to all the gaming terminals **10** (B7), and causes the shared display **102** to display a demoscreen (B8). Then, the main CPU **241** ends the routine.

In A7, the main CPU 41 of each of the gaming terminals 10 determines that an initial setting signal is received from the center controller 200 (A7: YES), and causes the terminal image display panel 16 to display a demo-screen (A7). The 45 main CPU 41 then ends the routine.

(Operation of Gaming Terminal 10: Terminal-Side Basic Game Process Routine)

After the terminal side initial setting routine of FIG. **46**, the main CPU **41** of the gaming terminal **10** performs a terminal-side basic game process routine of FIG. **47**. Through this terminal-side basic game process routine executed by the main CPU **41**, a basic game is run.

As shown in FIG. 47, in the gaming terminal process routine, it is determined whether a coin is bet (C1). In this step, it 55 is determined whether a signal from the 1-bet switch 26S entered by pressing of the 1-bet button 26 is received. Meanwhile, it is determined whether a signal from the maximum bet switch 27S entered by pressing of the maximum bet button 27 is received. If no coin is bet (C1: NO), C1 is 60 repeated until a coin is bet.

On the other hand, if a coin is bet (C1: YES), the credit amount stored in the RAM 43 is reduced according to the number of coins bet (C2). When the number of coins bet surpasses the credit amount stored in the RAM 43, C3 is 65 repeated without the reduction of the credit amount. When the number of coins bet exceeds the maximum number of coins

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bettable for one game (50 pieces in this embodiment), the process goes to a later-described step C3 without the reduction of the credit amount.

Then, it is determined whether a spin button 23 or a control lever 603 is pressed for the start (C3). If not started (C3: NO), the process returns to C1. Here, if not started (for example, a command to end the game is input before the start), the reduction of the credit amount in C2 is canceled.

On the other hand, if started (C3: YES), a bet amount information transmitting process is executed (C4). In other words, abet amount information signal indicating the game value bet is transmitted to the center controller 200. Note that, although the present embodiment is arranged so that the information of the number of paylines L activated in response to betting is transmitted, the disclosure is not limited to this.

Next executed is a symbol determining process (C5). That is, the stop symbol determining program stored in the RAM 43 is run to determine symbols 501 to be arranged in the display windows 150. Through this, a symbol combination to be formed along the payline L is determined.

Then, the scrolling process is executed to scroll display symbols 501 on the terminal image display panel 16 (C6). The scrolling process is a process in which the symbols 501 determined in C5 are stopped (rearranged) in the display windows 150 after scrolling of symbols 501 in a direction indicated by an arrow.

Next, it is determined whether a winning is resulted with the combination of symbols 501 rearranged in the display windows 150 (C7). When it is determined that a winning is resulted (C7: YES), a payout process is executed (C8). More specifically, when a winning is resulted, the number of coins according to the combination is calculated. On the other hand in C7, when it is determined that no winning is resulted (C7: NO), C9 is executed.

After the payout process of C8 is executed, the main CPU 41 determines whether to start a bonus game (C9). More specifically, the main CPU 41 starts a bonus game when a predetermined number or more specific symbols 510 are rearranged on a payline L or no specific symbol 510 is rearranged at the video reels 153 of the third column but a mystery bonus is won as a result of random selection. When the bonus game is not started (C9: NO), the process of C1 is executed.

On the other hand, when the bonus game is started (C9: YES), a terminal-side bonus game process is executed (C10). This terminal-side bonus game process will be described later with reference to FIG. 48. Thereafter, whether a common game trigger is established is determined (C11). More specifically, the main CPU 41 determines whether a common game start effect image display command has been received from the center controller 200. If the common game trigger is not established (C11: NO), the process of C1 is executed.

On the other hand, when the common game trigger is established (C11: YES), a terminal-side common game process is executed (C12). The terminal-side common game process will be described later with reference to FIG. 49. Then the process of C1 is executed.

(Operation of Gaming Terminal 10: Terminal-Side Bonus Game Process Routine)

The main CPU **41** of the gaming terminal **10** executes, in the terminal-side bonus game process (C**10**) shown in FIG. **47**, a terminal-side bonus game process routine shown in FIG. **48**

As shown in FIG. 48, the main CPU 41 determines whether the bonus game is an independent special game (D1). If the bonus game is not the independent special game (D1: NO), i.e., when the bonus game is a mystery bonus, the main CPU 41 executes a mystery bonus random determination (D2).

More specifically, the main CPU 41 determines, with reference tot mystery bonus start random determination table shown in FIG. 28, to which one of the ranges, "occurrence", "effect only", and "non-occurrence" the determined random number corresponds.

Now, the main CPU 41 determines whether to conduct an effect (D3). More specifically, the main CPU 41 determines to conduct an effect when the result of the mystery bonus random determination is "occurrence" or "effect only". If no effect is conducted (D3: NO), i.e., when the result of the 10 mystery bonus random determination is "non-occurrence", the routine finishes.

On the other hand, if an effect is conducted (D3: YES), the main CPU 41 determines whether a common game is being run (D4). If no common game is being run, an effect start 15 signal is transmitted to the center controller 200 (D5). Note that, receiving the effect start signal transmitted in the step D5, the center controller 200 conducts the effect shown in FIG. 30. If it is determined in the step D3 that no effect is conducted (D3) or after the transmission of the effect start 20 signal, whether a mystery bonus is generated is determined (D6). More specifically, the mystery bonus is generated when the result of the mystery bonus random determination is "occurrence".

If no mystery bonus is generated (D6: NO), the routine 25 finishes. On the other hand, if the mystery bonus is generated (D6: YES), the main CPU 41 conducts a bonus random determination (D7). More specifically, with reference to the mystery bonus probability table shown in FIG. 29, to which range of the winning bonus types the determined random number 30 corresponds is determined. Thereafter, a payout according to the bonus that has been won is awarded (D10), and the routine finishes.

On the other hand, if it is determined in the step D1 that the bonus game is an independent special game, the main CPU 41 35 transmits an independent special game information signal instructing to start an independent special game is transmitted to the center controller 200 (D8). In response to this, a lookup display unit 404 shown in FIG. 22 is displayed on the terminal image display panel 16. Though not illustrated, when the 40 center controller 200 receives the independent special game information signal, whether a common game is being run is determined. If it is determined that no common game is being run, the center controller 200 conducts the effect shown in FIG. 24 and FIG. 27, turns on the LED unit 801 corresponding to the gaming terminal 10 that has transmitted the independent special game information signal, carries out only a random determination of a payout based on the independent special game probability table show in FIG. 26, and transmits payout information. On the other hand, when a common 50 game is being run, the center controller 200 conducts only a random determination and transmits payout information.

Thereafter, whether payout information has been received from the center controller **200** is determined (D**9**). If no payout information has been received (D**9**: NO), the process is on standby and the step D**9** is repeated. When the payout information has been received from the center controller **200** (D**9**: YES), a payout is awarded based on the payout information (D**10**) and the routine finishes.

(Operation of Gaming Terminal 10: Terminal-Side Common Game Process Routine)

The main CPU **41** of the gaming terminal **10** executes, in the terminal-side common game process (C12) shown in FIG. **47**, a terminal-side common game process routine shown in FIG. **40**

As shown in FIG. 49, the main CPU 41 determines whether a common game start effect image display command has been

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received from the center controller 200 (E1). Thereafter, based on the received common game start effect image display command, a common game start effect image shown in FIG. 33 is displayed (E2). Then whether a common game start signal has been received is determined (E3). If no common game start signal has been received (E3: NO), the routine finishes.

On the other hand, if the common game start signal has been received (E3: YES), the lookup display shown in FIG. 22 is carried out (E4). Though not illustrated, when the common game start effect image display command includes an instruction to conduct only an effect, the routine finishes after the step E2.

Subsequently, the main CPU 41 determines whether payout information has been received from the center controller 200 (E5). If no payout information has been received, the routine is on standby (E5: NO). If the payout information has been received (E5: YES), the total sum of obtained unit payout amounts is multiplied by the payout rate, so as to calculate a payout to be awarded (E6). Then the calculated payout is awarded (E7) and the routine finishes.

(Operation of Center Controller **200**: Common Game Process Routine)

The main CPU **241** of the center controller **200** executes, after the execution of the center-side initial setting routine shown in FIG. **46** is completed, a common game process routine shown in FIG. **50**. Though not illustrated, the common game process routine is arranged to be executed at predetermined intervals (one second in the present embodiment).

As shown in FIG. **50**, the main CPU **241** carries out a random determination of whether to start a common game (F1). More specifically, with reference to the common game start random determination table shown in FIG. **31**, to which one of the ranges, "occurrence", "effect only", and "non-occurrence", the determined random number corresponds. Note that, in addition to the above, which one of common games is generated as a result of the determined random number is determined with reference to the common game type random determination table shown in FIG. **32**.

Thereafter, the main CPU **241** determines whether to conduct an effect for the start of a common game (F2). More specifically, an effect is conducted when the result of the step F1 is "occurrence" or "effect only". If no effect for the start of a common game is conducted (F2: NO), the routine finishes.

On the other hand, if the effect for the start of a common game is conducted (F2: YES), the main CPU 241 determines whether a bonus game is being run on any one of the gaming terminal 10 (F3). If a bonus game is being run, the routine waits for the end of the bonus game (F3: YES). If no bonus game is being run (F3: NO), a common game start effect image display command corresponding to the selected type of the common game is transmitted to all gaming terminals 10 (F4) and a common game start effect image is displayed on the upper display 700 (F5).

Thereafter, the main CPU 241 transmits a common game start signal to each gaming terminal 10 qualified to participate in the common game (F6). More specifically, with reference to the common game qualification time management table shown in FIG. 16, the common game start signal is transmitted to each gaming terminal 10 having a qualification time. It is noted that the common game start signal has information regarding the highest payout rate among the common game qualification times of the gaming terminals 10 in the common game qualification time management table. In other words, the main CPU 241 notifies the gaming terminals 10 of the highest payout rate of each terminal.

The main CPU 241 then determines the winning bonus type of each participating gaming terminal 10 with reference to tables such as the first common game probability table shown in FIG. 37 and the third common game probability table shown in FIG. 42 (F7). Thereafter, the payout for each participating gaming terminal 10 is determined based on the determined winning bonus type of each participating gaming terminal 10, payout information is transmitted to each gaming terminal 10 (F8), and the routine finishes.

Note that the common game random determination process is being executed while the common game is being run. When the start of a common game is awarded while a common game is being run, a fixed payout is awarded to a gaming terminal 10 which is not participating in the common game but has a qualification time. More specifically, the center controller 200 transmits fixed payout information including information of the fixed payout to a gaming terminal 10 which is not participating in the common game but has a qualification time. Receiving the fixed payout information, the gaming terminal 10 executes a process of awarding a payout based on the fixed payout information.

(Trigger Determination Process Routine)

The main CPU **41** of the gaming terminal **10** and the main CPU **241** of the center controller **200** execute a trigger determination process routine shown in FIG. **51** when determining the contents of effect and controlling the contents of effect 25 displayed on the terminal image display panel **16** and the upper display **700**. When executing this trigger determination process routine, "game type" and the entity or reference of "gaming state" are passed as parameters. In the trigger determination process routine, whether to display at least one of 30 the images is displayed in three dimensions (3D display) is determined. It is noted that FIG. **51** describes the trigger determination process routine executed by the main CPU **241** of the center controller **200**: the routine executed by the main CPU **41** of the gaming terminal **10** is identical with this and 35 hence will not be described.

In the trigger determination process routine shown in FIG. **51**, a trigger condition table shown in FIG. **52** is referred to. Specifically, the trigger condition table has a game type field, a trigger condition field, and a 3D target field. The game type 40 field stores games to be run by the gaming machine **300**, e.g., a base game and a bonus game which are basic games and first to third common games. The trigger condition field stores conditions with which at least one of the effect images is displayed in three dimensions. The 3D target field stores 45 effect images which are targets of three dimensional (3D) display. It is noted that, although FIG. **52** specifically shows the contents of information stored in the trigger condition table for ease of illustration, the table may store identification information indicating the contents or references.

In addition to the above, the present embodiment is arranged so that each of the gaming terminal 10 and the center controller 200 has the trigger condition table: alternatively, the enter controller 200 stores all trigger conditions and each gaming terminal 10 queries the center controller 200 when 55 conducting effect display.

Such a trigger determination process routine referring to the trigger condition table will be described with reference to FIG. 51. First, the main CPU 241 of the center controller 200 determines for which one of the game types the effect is carried out, based on the parameters passed from the process routine that has called the trigger determination process routine (G1). Subsequently, whether a trigger (3D trigger) of three dimensional display is established is determined (G2). More specifically, with reference to the trigger condition table 65 shown in FIG. 52, a trigger condition satisfied by the gaming state is searched for in the field of the determined game type.

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If there is such a trigger condition, it is determined that the 3D trigger is established. When the trigger of three dimensional display is not established (G2: NO), information indicating that the trigger is not established is returned to the calling process routine (G3), and the routine finishes.

On the other hand, when a trigger of three dimensional display is established (G3: YES), information including all dimensional display targets in which the gaming state satisfies a trigger condition in the trigger condition table is transmitted to the calling process routine (G4), and the routine finishes.

The main CPU 241 displays, in the calling process routine, effect images based on the information transmitted from the trigger determination process routine. Specifically, when a trigger of three dimensional display is not established, all effect images are displayed in two dimensions. When a trigger of three dimensional display is established, only an effect image which is the target of three dimensional display is displayed on both of the upper display 700 and the back transparent liquid crystal panel 717 with different brightness, so that the effect image which is the target of three dimensional display is displayed as a three dimensional image.

For example, as shown in FIG. 1, when a bonus with a predetermined or more amount (e.g., 10000 or more) of payout is won in the first common game, the fish image 714 in the gaming terminal area 703 corresponding to the gaming terminal winning the bonus is displayed in three dimensions.

The above embodiment thus described solely serves as a specific example of the present invention, and the present invention is not limited to such an example. Specific structures and various means may be suitably designed or modified. Further, the effects of the present invention described in the above embodiment are not more than examples of most preferable effects achievable by the present invention. The effects of the present invention are not limited to those described in the embodiments described above.

For example, the aspects, values, or the like concerning the effects are not limited to those recited in the embodiment above. Furthermore, the data or the like exchanged between the gaming terminals 10 and the center controller is not limited to the above. For example, the information of the number of paylines L activated in response to betting is transmitted in the present embodiment. Not limited to this, information indicating the bet amount may be transmitted. In this case, a table associated with the number of paylines may be associated with the bet amount or the range of the bet amount.

In addition to the above, while in the present embodiment which one of the three types of common games is to be run is randomly determined by the center controller 200, the determination may be done based on player's selection. --/H For example, a plurality of symbol images indicating choices are displayed, and as soon as one symbol image is selected, an effect image of three dimensionally showing the selected symbol image is displayed.

In addition to the above, while in the present embodiment the payout rate by which the unit payout amount is multiplied in the common game is awarded with reference to a predetermined table and based on betting, the payout rate may be randomly determined. In this case, when randomly determining the payout rate, an effect image indicating that the random determination will be carried out, an effect image indicating the result of the determination, or the like is displayed in three dimensions.

In addition to the above, while in the present embodiment the gaming machine 300 is arranged, as show in FIG. 51, that partial three dimensional display is carried out when the

predetermined condition is satisfied and the 3D display trigger is established, the partial 3D expression carried out when a predetermined condition is satisfied or when a 3D display trigger is established because a predetermined condition is satisfied may be arranged as below.

For example, when video reels are rotating as shown in FIG. 13, a character or the like such as a fisher 711 in FIG. 1 is displayed, and only partially this character is displayed in three dimensions to indicate a game result. It is noted that the term "partially" indicates the character as compared to the 10 entire screen.

In addition to the above, as FIG. **36** shows an example in the present embodiment, it is possible to arrange the gaming machine such that a signboard image cerebrating a payout and an image showing that coins are flushed over time are 15 partially displayed in three dimensions, to indicate that a large payout will be awarded.

In addition to the above, as the present embodiment describes with reference to FIG. 13, a possibility of the start of a bonus may be indicated by partially displaying, in three 20 dimensions, a bonus symbol image which has already been arranged while the video reel is still scrolling or a bonus symbol image which scrolls over time.

In addition to the above, as described in the present embodiment with reference to FIG. 21, a signboard image of 25 a bonus title may be partially displayed in three dimensions to indicate that a bonus will start.

In addition to the above, as described in the present embodiment with reference to FIG. 33, an effect image at the introduction of a bonus may be partially displayed in three 30 dimensions to indicate that the bonus will be introduced.

In addition to the above, as described in the present embodiment with reference to FIG. 1, an image showing that a fish is caught up over time may be partially displayed in three dimensions to indicate that a payout will be awarded.

The bonus game is not limited to the fishing game and may be a roulette or the like, and the roulette or the like may be partially displayed in three dimensions.

In addition to the above, when the player selects an icon or the like, a pop-up effect or the like generated when an icon is 40 selected may be partially displayed in three dimensions.

In addition to the above, when payout rates are randomly determined, an effect image indicating the random determination may be partially displayed in three dimensions.

In addition to the above, when wild symbols which can 45 function as all types of symbols **510** are added to or replace symbols on a symbol column of a video reel, an image or the like indicating that the wild symbols are scattered and arranged on the video reel over time may be partially displayed in three dimensions.

Further, the detailed description above is mainly focused on characteristics of the present invention to fore the sake of easier understanding. The present invention is not limited to the above embodiments, and is applicable to diversity of other embodiments. Further, the terms and phraseology used in the 55 present specification are adopted solely to provide specific illustration of the present invention, and in no case should the scope of the present invention be limited by such terms and phraseology. Further, it will be obvious for those skilled in the art that the other structures, systems, methods or the like are 60 possible, within the spirit of the invention described in the present specification. The description of claims therefore shall encompass structures equivalent to the present invention, unless otherwise such structures are regarded as to depart from the spirit and scope of the present invention. 65 Further, the abstract is provided to allow, through a simple investigation, quick analysis of the technical features and

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essences of the present invention by an intellectual property office, a general public institution, or one skilled in the art who is not fully familiarized with patent and legal or professional terminology. It is therefore not an intention of the abstract to limit the scope of the present invention which shall be construed on the basis of the description of the claims. To fully understand the object and effects of the present invention, it is strongly encouraged to sufficiently refer to disclosures of documents already made available.

The detailed description of the present invention provided hereinabove includes a process executed on a computer. The above descriptions and expressions are provided to allow the one skilled in the art to most efficiently understand the present invention. A process performed in or by respective steps yielding one result or blocks with a predetermined processing function described in the present specification shall be understood as a process with no self-contradiction. Further, the electrical or magnetic signal is transmitted/received and written in the respective steps or blocks. It should be noted that such a signal is expressed in the form of bit, value, symbol, text, terms, number, or the like solely for the sake of convenience. Although the present specification occasionally personifies the processes carried out in the steps or blocks, these processes are essentially executed by various devices. Further, the other structures necessary for the steps or blocks are obvious from the above descriptions.

What is claimed is:

1. A gaming machine comprising:

a plurality of gaming terminals;

a common display having display regions respectively corresponding to each of the plurality of gaming terminals, each of the display regions being observable from each of the plurality of gaming terminals and adapted to display images for playing a common game that allows participation of at least two of the plurality of gaming terminals:

wherein the common display is configured to selectively display at least one of a plurality of effect images in two or three dimensions in accordance with a gaming state of the gaming terminals;

a controller configured to

run the common game,

determine a rank for the at least two of the plurality of gaming terminals according to a result of the common game, wherein the rank of each of the at least two of the plurality of gaming terminals is determined in respect to each other based on the result of the common game,

determine, according to the determined rank for the at least two of the plurality of gaming terminals, one or more of the display regions of the common display in which one or more of the plurality of effect images will be displayed in three dimensions, wherein the common display initially displays at least one of the plurality of effect images in two dimensions,

switch at least one of the plurality of effect images in the one or more display regions of the common display from a two dimensional display to a three dimensional display, and

award a payout according to the determined rank for the at least two of the plurality of gaming terminals; and a condition determining unit which is configured to

determine whether any trigger conditions are established based on the result of the common game, wherein a payout trigger condition is based on whether a gaming terminal is awarded a bonus of a predetermined payout or greater,

- output a trigger signal for each trigger condition established, and
- store a table in which each trigger condition is associated with a particular one or more of the plurality of effect images,
- wherein the one or more of the plurality of effect images associated with each trigger condition causing a trigger signal is displayed in three dimensions and the remaining effect images are displayed in two dimensions in the one or more display regions of the common display in which it was determined to display one or more of the plurality of effect images in three dimensions, and
- wherein an effect image associated with the payout trigger condition is displayed in three dimensions only in a display region of the common display corresponding to a gaming terminal that establishes the payout trigger condition.
- 2. The gaming machine according to claim 1, wherein the controller is further configured to randomly determine 20 whether an advantageous gaming state is established in the common game and, if determining that the advantageous gaming state is established, switch at least one of the effect images in the one or more display regions of the common display from the two dimensional display 25 to the three dimensional display.
- 3. The gaming machine according to claim 1, wherein the controller is further configured to randomly determine whether there is a possibility of establishment of an advantageous gaming state in the common game and, if 30 determining that there is the possibility of establishment of an advantageous gaming state, switch at least one of the effect images in the one or more display regions of the common display from the two dimensional display to the three dimensional display.
- 4. The gaming machine according to claim 1, wherein in determining the one or more of the display regions of the common display to display the one or more of the plurality of effect images in three dimensions, the controller is further configured to choose the display regions of the 40 common display respectively corresponding to a predetermined number of highly ranked gaming terminals out of the gaming terminals for which a payout is to be awarded.
- **5**. The gaming machine according to claim **1**, wherein only 45 a two-dimensional effect image is displayed on each display region when the common game starts.
- 6. The gaming machine according to claim 1, wherein at least a portion of the effect image on a display region corresponding to the gaming terminal is displayed in three dimensions when the gaming terminal has satisfied a predetermined condition based on the result of the common game.
- 7. The gaming machine according to claim 6, wherein the effect images on the display regions corresponding to the gaming terminals not satisfying the predetermined conditions 55 are displayed in two dimensions.
 - 8. The gaming machine according to claim 1, wherein: a plurality of trigger conditions is stored in the table; and each of the plurality of trigger conditions is associated with a particular one or more of the plurality of effect images. 60
 - 9. The gaming machine according to claim 1, wherein:
 - a trigger condition is established when a display region corresponding to a particular gaming terminal having a rank equal to or higher than a predetermined rank is selected as one of the one or more display regions of the 65 common display in which one or more of the plurality of effect images will be displayed in three dimensions; and

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- the at least one of the plurality of effect images switched from the two dimensional display to the three dimensional display is an effect image indicating the rank of the particular gaming terminal and is displayed only in the display region corresponding to the particular gaming terminal.
- 10. The gaming machine according to claim 1, wherein: the at least one of the plurality of effect images switched from the two dimensional display to the three dimensional display is an effect image indicating a payout amount of the bonus and is displayed only in the display region corresponding to the gaming terminal that established the payout trigger condition.
- 11. A gaming machine comprising:
- a plurality of gaming terminals;
- a common display having display regions respectively corresponding to each of the plurality of gaming terminals, each of the display regions being observable from each of the plurality of gaming terminals and adapted to display images for playing a common game that allows participation of at least two of the plurality of gaming terminals;
 - wherein the common display is configured to selectively display at least one of a plurality of effect images in two or three dimensions in accordance with a gaming state of the gaming terminals;

a controller configured to

run the common game,

- determine a payout for the at least two of the plurality of gaming terminals according to a result of the common game,
- determine, according to the determined payout for the at least two of the plurality of gaming terminals, one or more of the display regions of the common display in which one or more of the plurality of effect images will be displayed in three dimensions, wherein the common display initially displays at least one of the plurality of effect images in two dimensions,
- switch at least one of the plurality of effect images in the one or more display regions of the common display from a two dimensional display to a three dimensional display, and
- award the determined payout for the at least two of the plurality of gaming terminals; and
- a condition determining unit which is configured to
 - determine whether any trigger conditions are established based on the result of the common game, wherein a payout trigger condition is based on whether a gaming terminal is awarded a bonus of a predetermined payout or greater.
 - output a trigger signal for each trigger condition established, and
 - store a table in which each trigger condition is associated with a particular one or more of the plurality of effect images,
 - wherein the one or more of the plurality of effect images associated with each trigger condition causing a trigger signal is displayed in three dimensions and the remaining effect images are displayed in two dimensions in the one or more display regions of the common display in which it was determined to display one or more of the plurality of effect images in three dimensions, and
 - wherein an effect image associated with the payout trigger condition is displayed in three dimensions only in

- a display region of the common display corresponding to a gaming terminal that establishes the payout trigger condition.
- 12. The gaming machine according to claim 11, wherein the controller is further configured to randomly determine 5 whether an advantageous gaming state is established in the common game and, if determining that the advantageous gaming state is established, switch at least one of the effect images in the one or more display regions of the common display from the two dimensional display 10 to the three dimensional display.
- 13. The gaming machine according to claim 11, wherein the controller is further configured to randomly determine whether there is a possibility of establishment of an advantageous gaming state in the common game and, if determining that there is the possibility of establishment of an advantageous gaming state, switch at least one of the effect images in the one or more display regions of the common display from the two dimensional display to the three dimensional display.
- 14. The gaming machine according to claim 11, wherein in determining the one or more of the display regions of the common display to display the one or more of the plu-

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rality of effect images in three dimensions, the controller is further configured to choose the display regions of the common display respectively corresponding to a predetermined number of gaming terminals out of the gaming terminals for which a payout is to be awarded.

- 15. The gaming machine according to claim 11, wherein only a two-dimensional effect image is displayed on each display region when the common game starts.
- 16. The gaming machine according to claim 11, wherein at least a portion of the effect image on a display region corresponding to the gaming terminal is displayed in three dimensions when the gaming terminal has satisfied a predetermined condition based on the result of the common game.
- 17. The gaming machine according to claim 16, wherein the effect images on the display regions corresponding to the gaming terminals not satisfying the predetermined conditions are displayed in two dimensions.
- 18. The gaming machine according to claim 11, wherein: a plurality of trigger conditions is stored in the table; and each of the plurality of trigger conditions is associated with a particular one or more of the plurality of effect images.

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